Alberta Chess Report





Battle of Alberta: Team North comes back from behind for third straight win



2016 is another successful year for the International tournaments in Alberta.

IM Razvan Preotu (pictured on the left photo) wins the 9th Calgary International finishing ahead of 5 grandmasters.

GM Sam Shankland (pictured on the right photo) wins the 11th Edmonton International with a fantastic score of 8/9.

FM Ian Findlay organizes the first ACA Open tournament in Banff (photo on the back cover).





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ALBERTA CHESS REPORT

for a deadline. Your submissions are very welcome as we are always looking for articles on chess related to Alberta.

Any electronic text file is acceptable, while pictures may be sent in the following formats: tiff, jpeg, bmp, gif.

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11th Edmonton International

The 11th edition of the annual festival took place at the Edmonton Chess Club (ECC) on June 18-26, 2016. The structure of the main event was very similar to that of the previous couple of years: a 10player round-robin tournament with five strong grandmasters and five local players seeking an IM or even a GM norm.

The rating favourite was GM Alexei Shirov from Latvia, a prominent elite player who needs no introduction. Alexei visited Edmonton in 2005 and 2009 to play in the Canadian Open but this was his first appearance at the Edmonton International.

GMs Surva Shekhar Ganguly (India) and Sam Shankland (USA) participated in the event for the third time. Both grandmasters were clearly eager to improve on their last vear's result.

The GM part of the roster was completed by SP Sethuraman (India) and Bator Sam-Edmonton International for the first time.

champion Bitan Banerjee and IM Richard Wang. Since Bitan already had three required IM norms, both of them were seeking a GM norm.

The Edmonton champion Belsar Valencia participated in the main event of the Edmonton International just for the second time. In 2011 he scored 3.5/9 and gained a few rating points. On the contrary, FM Dale Haessel from Calgary returned as the only player who participated in all 11 editions of the festival.

As in previous years, the last available spot was granted to the winner of the qualifying tournament. FM Ian Findlay from Banff won the Qualifier convincingly and guaranteed himself an exciting week in Edmonton.

The most intriguing part of the event was a breathtaking and a somewhat unexpected race for the first place that did not involve the rating favorite. GM Ganguly started the tournament with a remarkable 7/7 but it turned out to be insufficient to claim the title! After round 7 GM Shankland was trailing by only half a point and had the white pieces against the leader in round 8. The win in this key matchup of the tournament put Samuel firmly in the driver's seat, while also giving him the better tiebreak. Both grandmasters finished with an excellent score of 8/9 but GM Shankland was declared the winner of the main event. since he won the head-to-head encounter.



buev (Canada). Both of them played in the Round 1 of the 11th Edmonton International. The rating favorite GM Alexei Shirov plays IM Richard Wang at the "featured" table in the middle of the room. Foreground: Bitan The "local" team was led by the Alberta Baneriee – GM Surya Ganguly and FM Ian Findlay – GM Bator Sambuev. Background: GM S.P. Sethuraman – FM Dale Haessel and GM Sam Shankland – Belsar Valencia.

An interesting feature of this edition of the level games. The purpose of the text these games were annotated online during dxe4 16. a f5 the event or shortly after its conclusion. The computer advocates 16...f6!? and Therefore, in this report I have decided to asserts that White's best continuation focus on games played by Albertans. My is 17.\mathbb{Z}xh7 \documentum xh7 18.\mathbb{\mathbb{B}}h3+ \documentum q8 19. clear favorite was the following dramatic 2.2% ch7 20.2.2% h3+ with a perpetual. see-saw battle from round 4.

Wang, Richard (2341) -Findlay, lan (2257) [D05]

Edmonton International (4), 21.06.2016

1.d4 \$\alpha\$f6 2.\$\alpha\$f3 e6 3.e3 d5 4.\$\alpha\$d3 c5 5.b3 \$\alpha\$c6 6.0-0 \$\dagger{1}\$d6 7.\$\dagger{1}\$b2 0-0 8.\$\alpha\$e5 Richard opts for his customary Colle-Zukertort setup. 8... **a** This trick has this gives White decisive advantage. been known for more than 100 years. The idea is to exchange White's dancxd4 10.exd4 ∆b4 11.∆c3 ∆xd3 12. 21...åd7 22.\deltae7 \deltae8 23.\deltah4 \deltaxh3. **營xd3** As far as I know, Richard has a 21.置xh6 f3 Black may have counted give a slight advantage to Black. Per- critical positions of the game. haps, the reason is that White's plan is 23. **xe6+? Capturing with a wrong clear and relatively simple, while it's piece, unfortunately. not so obvious what Black should do.

13... Zac8 in one of his earlier high- Black with nothing.

Edmonton International was the fact that move is to establish control of the e4only one out of ten GM-GM games ended square, rather than create pressure in a draw (Shankland - Shirov). Many of along the c-file. 14. \$\mathbb{A}\$ be4 15. \$\mathbb{A}\$ xe4

> Perhaps, Richard will show an improvement in his next game.

> 17.c4 2xe5 18.fxe5 The correct recapture. After 18.dxe5?! \(\mathbb{I} fd8 \) White's heavy pieces would look a little silly.

18...f4!? The most interesting and probably best continuation. Now White cannot block the f-pawn.

19. 4 h 6 20. 4 f 7? Surprisingly,

The only move maintaining equilibrium is 20... \$\dagger\$h7!! stepping out of the check. gerous light-squared bishop. 9.f4 Now 21. #xe6? loses an exchange to

pretty good score from this position on this resource but White has a despite the fact that computers tend to strong reply: 22. If 6! We7 One of the

23.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe6! is decisive. Here 23...\(\mathbb{L}\)d7 24. 12...gd7 13.Ef3 &c6 Richard faced Exe7 &xg4 25.gxf3 &xf3 26.d5 leaves

23... ≝xe6 24. Exe6 f2+ Natural. An- hopes would be alive. other interesting possibility is 24...e3!? 25.gxf3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xf3. also with counterplay. 25.⊈f1 e3



26. Exc6! The black pawns have become very dangerous but Richard finds the only way to play for a win. If 26.d5?! \$d7, then White has to sacrifice the exchange anyway: 27.\(\ddot\)d4! 27... xe6 28.dxe6. Here after a plausible 28...\(\mathbb{I}\)f4 29.\(\dagge\)xe3 \(\mathbb{I}\)e4 30.\(\dagge\)xf2

26...bxc6 27.\(\delta\)a3 This is a logical way to activate the bishop but Black finds a great reply. Also insufficient for advantage is 27. 2e2 which gives Black an xf1 \square f8+ 30.\dot{\dot}e1 \square f2 The active rook guarantees Black at least equality.

The best move is a surprising 27.q3!! preventing the opponent's next maneuver. In this case White's winning

27... \(\mathbb{E}\)f4! 28.\(\delta\)c5 \(\mathbb{E}\)e4! 29.\(\delta\)e2 a6 30. \(\mathbb{E}\)xh3 and Black wins. 38...\(\mathbb{E}\)xg3 **b4** The tactical justification of Black's 38... \(\tilde{\tile{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{ idea is that 30. ±f3 may be answered tacular draw: 39.bxa6 \textbf{\subseteq} gxg3 40.a7 by 30... \$\dot\delta f7\$ The rook is taboo: 31. \$\ddot\delta\$ xe4?? e2 and the black pawn queens. **30...∲f7 31.a4 g5** The tension is \alpha a8 47.\alpha g3 \alpha c6 48.\alpha b8 \alpha d7 etc. mounting. I believe that both opponents were playing for a win at this It looks like Black cannot take the e5point. 32.g3 White finally covers the f4square but allows the following play on out that the capture is possible! While I the kingside. 32.h3 looks more tenacious but has its own downsides.

32... 罩h8 33. 罩h1 空q6 34.a5 空f5 35. An alternative is 39... 空f5 40. 鱼xe3 罩q1 Correct. White must make his gueenthis move for quite some time.

after 38.a6 \(\mathrel{\textsf2} \) a8 39.a7 \(\dot{\textsf2} \) d5 40.\(\mathrel{\textsf2} \) a44.\(\dot{\textsf2} \) \(\mathrel{\textsf2} \) \(\dot{\textsf2} \) \(\dot{ cient for a draw.



38.\alphad1! Best. Certainly not 38.\alphaf3?

□h8 41.d5+ \(\dot\)f5 42.\(\dot\)xe3 \(\overline{\text{Ig1}}\) 43.\(\dot\)xf2 \(\Begin{aligned}
\Begin{aligned}
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39.d5+ The point of White's previous. pawn. Or can he? 39... 2xe5 It turns was watching the game live, I thought that Black was just winning here.

h3! The black king must not be al- 41.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xg1 fxg1\(\mathbb{Y}\) 42.\(\mathbb{L}\)xg1 axb5 43.e6 \(\mathbb{D}\) lowed to penetrate. 35... 266 36.b5! e5 44.e7 2xd5 45.2e3 with a probable

side pawn majority count. 36...cxb5 40. ad4+ 空e4 The tactical justification 37.cxb5 \(\mathbb{Z} \) Black has been planning of Black's idea. The computer actually advocates the following line: 40... \$\dot\phi\$f4 An alternative is 37...axb5 although 41.\(\dong{\pma}\)xh8 \(\mag{g}\)1 42.\(\dong{\pma}\)d4 \(\max\)xc3+ White's counterplay should be suffi- a7 \(\bar{2}\)a2+ 47.\(\dot{\phi}\)d1 \(\dot{\phi}\)f3 48.\(\dot{\phi}\)g3 49. Фc1 Фxh3 50.Фb1 with a tablebase

> The time control passed, and Richard got plenty of extra time on the clock to contemplate the situation on the board. The principal move is, of course, 41. ≜xh8, since White's previous play doesn't make sense otherwise. However, what to do after 41... \(\mathbb{Z} \) q1?

> 42.\(\mathbb{I}\)f1 loses to 42...\(\mathbb{I}\)xf1 43.\(\ph\)xf1 \(\ph\)f3 with a checkmate in one. During the game I was sure that Richard had no choice but to resign here, which is what he did after a prolonged thought. But the story doesn't end at this point. Shortly afterwards I went to a nearby restaurant for dinner. There I met a

11th Edmonton International Table

#	Name	Fed	Rating	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
1	GM Alexei Shirov	Latvia	2682		0	0	0.5	1	0.5	1	1	1	1	6
2	GM Surya Ganguly	India	2654	1		1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
3	GM S. P. Sethuraman	India	2653	1	0		0	0	0.5	1	1	1	1	5.5
4	GM Samuel Shankland	USA	2646	0.5	1	1		1	1	0.5	1	1	1	8
5	GM Bator Sambuev	Canada	2540	0	0	1	0		0.5	1	1	1	0.5	5
6	Bitan Banerjee	India	2341	0.5	0	0.5	0	0.5		0.5	0.5	1	1	4.5
7	IM Richard Wang	Canada	2341	0	0	0	0.5	0	0.5		1	0	1	3
8	Belsar Valencia	Philippines	2277	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	0		1	0.5	2
9	FM Ian Findlay	Canada	2257	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		0	1
10	FM Dale Haessel	Canada	2234	0	0	0	0	0.5	0	0	0.5	1		2

games live. He immediately asked me GM Sethuraman doesn't want to ex- 47. 2d5 h5 48. 全f2 象d4+ 49. 空e2 象e5 whether there had been a transmission pose his king so much. problem with Richard's game because 27... 2g5 28. 2b2 White intends to cre− 2d7 53. 3xc4 2g3 54.h5 2e5 55. 3c5 White isn't worse in the final position ate threats along the weakened long f6 56.包d5 空h6 57.包f4 臭b5 58.罩c8 空 according to the computer. I couldn't diagonal. Nevertheless, 28.b5! winning q5? The losing move. White does not believe that but the answer to the riddle was soon found: 42.\maxbb{\maxbb{Z}}a1!! A very 28...\maxbb{\maxbb{Z}}f6 29.\maxbb{\maxbb{\maxbb{Q}}e1} Overprotecting the f3- 59.\maxbb{\maxbb{Z}}g8+ \maxbb{\maxbb{\maxbb{C}}f5} Also hopeless is 59...\maxbb{\maxbb{\maxbb{\maxbb{Z}}} hard move to see! Now it is Black who square as Black had an idea of taking h6 60. 国g6+ 空h7 61. 包d5 etc. ত্ৰxf1 ত্ৰg2+ 44.空e1 空d3. Here White g2 gq5? Preparing the following comhas a great resource 45. 2d4! although bination that White either misses or FM Haessel also came very close to scalpafter 45...\(\mathbb{Z}\)c2 46.\(\dagge\)xe3 \(\dagge\)xe3 47.\(\dagge\)d1 underestimates. **31.b5?** \(\Pi\)d2+ 48.\(\Ph\)c1 \(\Pi\)xd5 49.bxa6 \(\Pi\)xa5 50. 0-1

GM Sethuraman but missed a golden scoring chance, unfortunately.

Sethuraman, S.P. (2653) -Findlay, lan (2257) [A06]

Edmonton International (8), 25.06.2016



White develops pressure on the blow giving Black decisive advantage. queenside, while Black seeks his chances on the kingside. 24...g5!? Fearless! The position quickly becomes complicated and hard to play for both sides. This explains a number 36. e2 d4+ 37. g1 g6 38. g2 ge4 of errors in what follows.

24... #g6 is a "normal" alternative.

previous move. 26. 2d2? runs into 26... ②xf2! 27. ⊕xf2 ∰xh2+ 28. ⊕f1 [™]xq3 with a crushing attack.

the execution is imprecise. It is better 40.\(\hat{L}\)xd4! \(\hat{L}\)xd4 41.\(\hat{L}\)xe4 \(\hat{L}\)xe4 42.\(\hat{L}\)f4! to play 26...a5 first to clarify the situa-27... dd8 and as in the game.

b5!? not fearing 27... 2xh4 28.bxc6! suicide later on.

a pawn is stronger.

on d4 followed by Nf3. 29... 2h3+ 30. 2 60. 2d5 g3 61.h6 1-0

However, leaving the long diagonal ☐f6 the most likely outcome is a draw. unprotected allowed the following tactical sequence: 31. 2xc6! Zxc6 32. Exc6 &xc6 33. d4, and Black has Edmonton International (3), 20.06.2016 FM Findlay played a great game against nothing better than 33... #f6 34. #xf6 \$\dose{x}\$f6 35.\$\dose{x}\$f6 \$\dose{x}\$a4 with a worse endgame.

> **31...c5** Everything is actually ready for 31... 4xf2! 32. 4xe3 etc. 32. 4c6? White had a chance to disrupt the opponents attack by means of 32. 45!



The position looks fairly standard: 32... 2xf2!! A well prepared crushing 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf2 \(\mathbb{L}\)xe3 34.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d1 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc6! Another spectacular sacrifice. The black bishops will soon become monsters controlling the whole board. 35.bxc6 &xc6 38... f3 wins on the spot. For example, 39. \(\mathbb{\mtx\mod}\mnx\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod 25.g3 g4 26. 2h4 The point of White's 39. 4f1 c4? It was time to switch to simple chess: 39...\(\documentum{\psi}{x}\)f2 40.\(\documentum{\psi}{x}\)e4 \(\documentum{\psi}{x}\)e4 41. 2xf2 2xg2 with three pawns more equality. in the ending. Now White bails out by 43... axb4 44. ab1 The problem is that 26... 2d8 The right idea in principle but returning some of his extra material.

Trading a pair of rooks is also good for 44... Zc4! For the time being, Black has jectively, this endgame should end in a winning chances. 45.a3 &c5 46. 4b3

friend of mine who was following the 26 29.gxh4 xh4. Understandably, 44.a5 a6 45.xd8+ xg7 46.xc8 xb5 have much after 58... \$\dot\dot\no.

ing a GM but just couldn't pull the trigger.

Sambuev, Bator (2540) -Haessel, Dale (2234) [A48]



The players just made the time control. Black has some pressure but the position is not easy to evaluate. 41. 2 f3 41. #f5!? is an interesting resource intending to pick up the f4-pawn later åxc3 43. \$\dot{\psi}\$f3! \$\overline{\overline ₩xe4 dxe4+ 46.фe3 &xb4 47.\(\begin{aligned}
\text{\$\text{\$\phi\$}}\) xb4 47.\(\begin{aligned}
\text{\$\text{\$\phi\$}}\) White's active pieces will allow him to regain his pawn shortly with equality.

41... 2xc3 Black may indeed snatch this pawn. The pin looks dangerous but it can be dealt with. 42. 2d4 We8+ 43. df1? This safe square happens to be wrong for the king.

45. ∅xb5, and White is going to pick up the f4-pawn soon restoring material

now 44. \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc8?? is simply impossible in view of 44... ₩e1#

two extra pawns along with excellent 27. 2q2 The computer advocates 27. draw. Unfortunately, Black commits a 46. 2xb5 is possible but after 46... e4 Black also forces the queens off the

board. 46... e4 47. exe4 dxe4 48. desperado is the only way to keep the dream scenario for White. Black's amof the game.



49...≅xd2? After the simple 49...**\$**xa3 White has nothing better than 50. Фe2 Then 50... \$\dot{\psi}\$g6 followed up by a quick f7-f5 guarantees Black an easy win. Note that 51. \(\mathbb{Z}\) a5?? loses immediately

50.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc5 f3? Now Black's winning chances evaporate. On the contrary, 50... \$\dot{g}6!? keeps his winning hopes alive. 51.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c7?! may be answered by 51...\(\mathbb{Z}\)d1+ 52.\(\dagge\)e2 \(\mathbb{Z}\)g1 picking up the 21...\(\dagge\)xe5!? 22.\(\dagge\)xe5 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc1 g2-pawn.

be gone sooner or later making further repetition of moves. **54. \psi**h1 **\Bigsigmarrow\$f6 55. \psi**h2 **\psi**g**6 56. \psigmag 3 \psi** 28. **\Bigsigmage\$e5+** leads to the same result. g5 57.a4 a5 58.罩c5+ 罩f5 59.罩b5 查f6 26.查h1 營f3+ 27.查g1 營f2+ 28.查h1 60.\bar{\pi}b3 \\ \phe\$e5 61.\bar{\pi}e3+ \\ \phi\$d4 62.\\phi\$g4 \\ \mathbf{w}f3+ 29.\\phi\$g1 \\ \mathbf{w}f2+ \\mathcal{\pi}-\alpha\$ Ĭf6 63.☆q5 Ĭq6+ 64.☆f5 ☆c5 65. 80. 1/2-1/2

In conclusion, here is the game that secured the title for GM Sam Shankland.

Wang, Richard (2341) - Shankland, Sam (2646) [A47]

Edmonton International (9), 26.06.2016

1.d4 \$\hat{Q}\$f6 2.\$\hat{Q}\$f3 b6 3.\$\hat{Q}\$g5 e6 4.e4 h6 5.\(\pm\$xf6 \(\pm\)xf6 6.\(\pm\$d3 \(\pm\$b7 7.0-0 g6 8. ②bd2 åg7 9. e2 0-0 10. fe1 d6 11. Gardner, Robert (2240) [A01] e5 Perhaps, a little early. 11.c3!? Edmonton Intl. Open (2.1), 25.06.2016 strengthening the center deserves attention. 11... 2e7 12.c3 c5 13. 2c4 1.b3 c5 2. 2b2 2c6 3.e3 e5 4.c4 d6 5. Looks promising but Black finds a way g3 f5 Already a new position in the to maintain the balance. 13... 2xf3 14. database! 6.f4 Overly creatively. [™]xf3 d5 15.
[№]d6 cxd4 16.cxd4
[№]c6 Normal development like 6.
[№]g2
[№]f6 17. ∰e3 The knight looks good on d6 7. ②c3 g6 8. ②ge2 ②g7 9.0-0 0-0 10.d3 Black can breathe a sigh of relief. After but it allows the following tactical blow: leads to a good position for White.

2 ad4 49. Exb5 The critical position material even. Certainly not 18. Exd4? bitious play in the opening left his po-

> 20.\mathbb{Z}e2!? In the future White may be queenside. able to develop a kingside attack using the opposite-color bishops to his advantage. 20...g5 21.g3 Objectively, the position is absolutely equal. Black the idea 12... 2xe3? 13. 2d2! 2xq2 14. finds a nice way to force a draw by perpetual that guarantees him the title.



'≝xf2+ 24.⊈h1 '≝f3+ 25.⊈g1 '≝f2+ 51.qxf3 exf3 52.空q1! The f3-pawn will Neither side can favorably avoid the

25... ₩xd3 26. ₩xe6+ \(\exists f7 27. \(\exists c8+ \(\dot{\phi} g7 \)

ally held alongside the main event of the perfect score (5/5) and made it look easy. with a result of 3.5/5.

where the "Rocket" got in serious trouble.

Kadavil, Suresh (1653) -

17... 2xd4!? 18. 2xf7! Correct. This 6... 2f6 7. 2c3 ½e6 8. 2g2 e4 9.d3! A 25... Ξe8 The rest goes smoothly for

sition overextended. 9... \@a4! Best trv. 18... **營xf7** 19. **營xd4 国ac8** 20. **国ac1** If After a natural 9... exd3 10. **營xd3 營d7** White wants to play for a win, he 11. 16 of 3 o-0-0 12.0-0 White has excelshould keep the rooks on the board: lent prospects in the center and on the

10.₩d2 exd3 11.₩xd3 🗘b4 12.₩d2

The computer points out that Black's play can be refuted by 12. well with soon be picked up leaving White with an extra piece.

12...**②**xe3 13.**≜**xb7 **②**ec2+ 14.**₫**f2 ♠xa1 15.\(\polen\)xa1 \(\polen\)b8 16.\(\polen\)d5 \(\polen\)xd5?

This gets Black in serious trouble. Correct is 16... 2xd5 keeping the lightsquared bishop on the board. After 17. ☼xd5 ☆d7!? the position is unclear.

17.ᡚxd5 ᡚxd5 18.∰xd5 ∰a5



置xf3. And a draw was agreed on move An Open Swiss tournament was tradition- the most incisive continuation is 19. ∮f3 ∰xa2+ 20.∮d2 Nevertheless, defestival on June 24-26. The rating favorite spite a huge score in White's favor he Rob "Rocket" Gardner finished with a still has to convert his lead in development into a full point.

> Vlad Rekhson and the surprise of the tour- 19... 空d8 20. 皇f6+? Tempting but innament Michael Ludwig tied for second correct. Developing the kingside 20. ②e2! is still best. 20... Фc7 Certainly. Here is the only game of the weekend Black is not obligated to capture the 23. **2e1?** Too slow.

> > White has granted the opponent two crucial tempi but after the correct 23. ₩f7+ the position remains highly unclear. For example, a plausible 23... d8 24.\(\docume{c}\)c3 \(\delta\)e7 25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1 \(\ddot\)e4 26.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e1 ₩c2 27.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1 may lead to a draw by repetition.

> > 23...₩e4 24.₩f7+ ₩e7 25.₩d5? Now 25. Wxf5 White is still in the game.

Black. 26. \$c3 ₩e3+ 27. \$\dot{\phi}f1 ₩e4 28. åa5+ dd7 29. dd2 df3+ 30. dq1 ₩e3+ 31.₩xe3 \(\begin{aligned}
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Edmonton International Qualifier

The qualifying tournament took place at the Edmonton Chess Club on April 30 -May 1 and attracted a total of 24 players. FM Ian Findlay from Banff was a nominal rating favorite but Nic Haynes and Robert Gardner were not far behind, and a few other players were capable of delivering a

After the first day of play Behrooz Ebrahim-Shirazi from Calgary was leading with a perfect score of 3/3, taking full advantage of his favorable pairings in the first 3 rounds. Four players were trailing by half a point, including the top 3 rating favorites. In round 4 Behrooz put a lot of pressure on Nic Haynes on board 1 but the the following heavyweight see-saw battle.

Findlay, lan (2282) -Gardner, Robert (2242) [B06]

Edmonton Intl. Qualifier (4.2), 01.05.2016

1.e4 g6 2.d4 gg7 3.0f3 c6 4.0c3 b5 5. \$\d3 d6 6.h3 \$\Q2010 d7 7.0-0 \$\d2010 b7 8. \$\Ze1 \] e5 9.d5 It is interesting that exactly the same position occurred in Findlay-Hebert, 1989. In that game lan preferred 9.dxe5 dxe5 10.\(\)e3 \(\)af6 11.a4 maintaining slightly better chances.

9...a6 10.dxc6 &xc6 11.&f1 Immediate 11.a4 looks promising. 11... \mathbb{\mod}\mathbb{ turns out to be not the best square for the gueen as it can be hit by a white knight from d5.

11... b8!? intending to meet 12.a4 with 12...b4 13. 2 a2 agf6 is better.

12.a4 bxa4 Now 12...b4 runs into an unpleasant 13. 4 d5.

13. 2 xa4 2 gf6 14. 2 c3 2 c5 15. 2 g5 This way of covering the e4-pawn looks artificial but not necessarily bad. There is nothing wrong with 15. 45!?

15...h6 16.b4 🖄 cd7

[16...hxg5 17.bxc5 dxc5 18.\(\mathref{\pm}\)xg5 is clearly in White's favor.]

and later 19. 4h2!? deserves serious attention. White intends to trade this relatively passive knight for a good one on f6. Then the d5-square may become more accessible for the white pieces. 19... Ifc8 Black took advan-



game ended in a draw. Board 2 featured Round 2 of the Edmonton International Qualifier. Board 1: FM Ian Findlay – Omid Malek. Board 3: Robert Gardner - Hafiz Karmali. Black had just sacrificed two pieces to create dangerous looking threats against the enemy king but White managed to prove that the sacrifice was unsound.

tage of the opponent's somewhat arti- square. Then 32...\moderates creates some ficial and relatively slow play. He cre- counterplay on the gueenside. ated strong pressure along the c-file, which gives him at least equal chances. 20. Ed1 皇f8 21. Eb3? 4b6? Both opponents miss a surprising 21...a5! that puts White in trouble. Black is going to win at least a pawn since 22.bxa5? loses more material to 22...\$\text{\Omega}c5.

22.ge3 2c4 23.gc1 2b6

23...a5! is still strong: in case of 24. bxa5? 🖄 xa5 25. 🖺 a3 💃 a6 White can't avoid material losses.

24. ge3 Id8 Black declines a silent draw offer and plays on. 25. 22 The position is objectively equal but there is a lot of play left, of course. 25... Zac8 26. ₩e1 Za8 27. 4h2 &c8 With the 30. 4g4! White finally forces this fajumping to g4. 28. 2xb6

Nevertheless, 28. 2 g4! is possible! For White has achieved a great position example, 28... 2xg4 29.hxg4 2xg4? lowed by a fork on f6.

This allows White to carry out his plan. Black is in trouble. The computer suggests 29.... e6!? 30. 33... ec8 34. ed1 中 25 35.g3 Here and



idea to prevent the white knight from vorable exchange. 30... 2xg4 31.hxg4

and can increase the pressure by the opponent's awkwardly placed 28... **資xb6** 29.**全c4** White intends to pieces. After 33...axb5 34. 互xb5 **習a7**

taking advantage of the fact that the putting Black under more pressure on

hxg5 40. 2g4 White is playing on the \(\mathbb{B}b7 61. \mathbb{Z}xa5 \\ \mathbb{L}d8 62. \mathbb{Z}a7 1-0 wrong side of the board, which can lead to trouble. **40...If7! 41.If3?!**

Better is 41.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d2! keeping the d4- 3.5/4. On board 3 Dante Briones tried too square under control.

an opportunity to punish the opponent. 42... add! turns out to be strong. It's hard to find a move for White. For example, 43. 2 e2 brings no relief in view

43. 增g4 罩f8 44. 名d1 罩f6 45. 增e2 增b6 46.40e3 ≅f8 47. ₩c4 ₩b7 48.f3 The position is back to being approximately Ebrahim-Shirazi, Behrooz (2126) equal. Instead, 48.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a3!? presents Black with some problems to solve.



48... ₩c8 The queen exchange is possible but not necessary. After 48... \$\ddot\delta f7 the position also remains equal.

Ξc6 52.c4 g4 A nice try but White responds correctly: 53.f4 denying the bishop the g5-square. 53... \B6 54.\Ba4 exf4 55.qxf4 q5? Allowing White conquer the d5-square again is wrong.

After 55... £16 the game should end in a draw. White can win the opponent's bishop: 56.e5 dxe5 57. 2xg4 exf4 58. b5 axb5 59. \alpha a7+ but after the correct 59...\$e7! 60.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe7+ \(\dot\)f8 61.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c7 bxc4 he loses his last pawn.

56.f5! exf5? The final mistake.

56... 空f7 leaves Black in the game. For and claims a nice advantage after a3 a5 35. 图c1 空d6 36. 皇h2+ example, 57. \$\ddot{\pm}g3 \ddot{\pm}f6 \ddot{58. \$\ddot{\pm}xg4 \ddot{\pm}d4 59.fxe6+ \$\div xe6 60.\$\div d5 \$\dots b8 61.\$\div xa6 h3 21.d5! \$\div b5 22.g3. 型e5 62.b5 এc5 with good drawing 17... 型xe3+ 18. 中 1 □ he8 19. 全e5 chances thanks to the reduced mate- White has compensation for the pawn rial left on the board.

stances, which decides the outcome of to play for both sides.

37. 營f3 營a7 38. 全xe6?! It was the last the game. 57... 至b7 58.exf5 Unlike the call for 38.b5! maintaining advantage. line above, the black king can't come 38...fxe6 Now Black is OK. 39.g5 to the rescue. 58... \alpha a7 59.b5 a5 60.b6

An extremely tense battle propelling Ian to hard and ended up losing a drawn position 41... \(\mathbb{Z}\)xf3 42.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf3 \(\mathbb{L}\)e7?! Black misses to Butch Villavieja, which allowed Butch to catch up with the leaders.

> In round 5 Butch Villavieja overlooked something in the opening and ended up losing to Nic Haynes despite fierce resistance. It meant that the winner on board 1 would take it all.

- Findlay,lan (2282) [D38]

Edmonton Intl. Qualifier (5.1), 01.05.2016

1.d4 �f6 2.c4 e6 3.�f3 d5 4.cxd5 22.\feature fe1?! bxc3 &xc6 10.豐a3 包e4 11.象f4 豐f6 extra material soon. 12.e3 g5

g5 with not much to worry about. relief to the black king. 25. ±g1? 13.≜q3 ₩e6?!

13...h5 14. 2 2 xq3 15.hxq3 0-0-0 following sample line 26... Zee8 27. with a perfectly fine position for Black. 14. 2d3 A solid continuation. White 30. Exe5 fxe5 31. Exa4 doesn't look bad avoids complications after 14. 2xc7 for him. ≅c8 15.<u>\$g</u>3 h5.

14... day 14... 49.Ξa3 👑xc4 50.ᡚxc4 Ξc8 51.ᡚe3 been done earlier under more favor- finally achieves this break but it's a able circumstances.

> 15. 2xe4 Not a bad move but White is The difference is that here 27.d5?? is going to sorely miss this bishop.

Instead, 15.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1!? preparing c3-c4 debetter if he achieves this break.

15... a y xe4 16.0-0 h5 17.f3?! The white bishop is in some trouble but sacrificing a pawn to rescue the cleric is too the rest of the game very interesting. high a price. The e3-pawn needs to be 32. 2g1 I suppose that trapping his advocates a suicidal-looking 17.c4!?

but no more than that. 19...h4 20.h3 57. 2d5 The knight gets access to the Be6 The game now revolves around 40.axb4 axb4 41. 2e3 2e6 42. Bb1 c5 d5-square under favorable circum- pawn breaks c3-c4 and f3-f4; it is tricky 43.dxc5+ 4xc5 44. c1+



21.\alpha ad1?! \alpha e2?!

21...f6! 22.\(\dagger)h2 \(\dagger)b5 \) prevents c3-c4 for a long time leaving Black in complete control of the position.

exd5 5.夕c3 臭b4 6.營a4+ 夕c6 7.夕e5 Here 22.c4! is actually possible. After This jump doesn't give White anything 22... #xc4 23.f4! gxf4 24. xf4 White after the natural response. 7. 25 is the achieves his goal of opening up lines; main move. 7... 2d7 8. 2xc6 2xc3+ 9. Black will probably have to return his

22... ac 23. ac 1 ac 24. ac 24. ac 25. ac 25 Black can also play 12... 13. 12xf2 The exchange of queens has brought

However, here White has another The game Lodhi-Serper, 1995, went chance to play 25.c4! dxc4 26.d5. The

25... \alpha ae8 Black is back in the driver's 15.hxg3 h5 even though it should have venting c3-c4 for good. 26.c4 White little late. 26...dxc4 27.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc4

impossible because of 27... \models xe5.

27... \$c6 28. \mathbb{Z}ec1 f6 29. \mathbb{L}h2 \mathbb{Z}e1+ 30. serves attention. White will be clearly Exe1 Exe1+ 31. \$\dot{\psi}\$ Black has excellent winning chances despite the opposite-color bishops. 31...\alphah1 | can't say that it's the best move but it makes

protected first. Curiously, the computer own rook in the corner was a part of Black's plan. 32...b6 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c3 \(\ddot\)d5 34.

17...dxc4 18.f3 we7 19.wc3 h4 20.gf2 White decides to take the exchange and seek practical chances. 36... \(\text{\$\mathbb{Z}\$} \) xh2 37. ⊈g1 \(\frac{1}{2}\)xh3 38.gxh3 b5 39.\(\frac{1}{2}\)f2 b4 This passed pawn looks very strong but the battle is not over just vet.

The critical position of the game.





44... ชd5? Very surprisingly, a mistake left to play for. game: 45...\(\dot\)xh3 46.fxq5 fxq5 etc.

variations were very hard to under- f2, and Black won in a few moves. 0-1 stand even in the analysis.

After 45.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d1+! it looks like a draw! If Karmali, Hafiz (1977) -45... ⊈c6, then White gets a crucial tempo to save half a point: 46.f4 \(\hat{2}\)xh3 Edmonton Intl. Qualifier (4.5), 01.05.2016 47.fxg5 fxg5 48.\\@g1 g4 49.\\dot{\phi}f4 b3 50. 中g5 中b5 51. 中xh4 中b4 52. 單b1 中 c3 53.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1+ etc.

Another line is 45... c4 46. d6 &xh3 but after 47.\(\pi\)c6+! \(\phi\)b3 48.\(\pi\)xf6 White holds on somehow.

45... 2xh3 Now White lacks that tempo and Black wins. 46.fxq5 fxq5 47.\mathbb{Z}q1 **b2!** This makes all the difference. 51. **d**g3 **d**c3 0-1

This victory allowed FM Ian Findlay to claim clear first and a rendez-vous with five grandmasters in June. Nicolas Havnes and Omid Malek shared the second place with a result of 4/5

I would also like to include the following endgame catastrophes in this report.

Mo, Michelle (1544) -Hughey, Leah (1664) [C11]

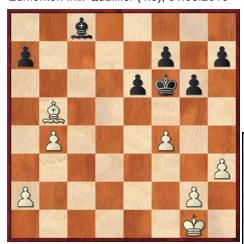
Edmonton Intl. Qualifier (4.9), 01.05.2016

(Please see the next diagram.)

Black had a large advantage earlier but allowed the opponent back into the here: 29... 2e6 30.a3 2d5 forcing game. Here the simplest is 43.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}h7. White to find the only move 31.b5! After a plausible 43...h4 44.gxh4 gxh4 [The pawn ending after 31.\(\dot{\pm}\)xd5 \(\dot{\pm}\)xd5

that could have deprived Black of the Instead, White opted for 43. Exd5?? fully deserved win. 44... 空b5! turns out allowing a trade of rooks: 43... 罩d2+ to be the only winning move. In case of 44. \$\ddots \begin{align*} \pm xd5+ 45. \ddots xd5. \end{align*} The remain-45.f4 Black can continue as in the der of the game is an easy textbook win for Black. **45...☆f7 46.☆c5 ☆e6** 45.f4? To be fair to the players, who 47.\$\dd{\dagger}d4 \dagger{\dagger}d5 48.\$\dagger{\dagger}de a 49.\$\dagger{\dagger}d5 a5 50. had to make decisions in real time 堂e3 堂e5 51.堂d3 a4 52.f4+ qxf4 53. over the board, the subtleties of the qxh4 &f5 54. &d4 a3 55. &c3 f3 56.h5

Dave, Bhavik (1897) [D90]



The ending looks rather routine but will turn out to be quite eventful. 26.\$c6? White must centralize the king immediately: 26. \$\div f2 e5 27. \$\div e3 and a draw should be easy to achieve.

26...e5 27.fxe5+ \$\div xe5 28.\$\div f2 f5? After the natural 28... dd4 29.a3 dc3 Black picks up at least a pawn with good winning chances.

29. **±e3** g5 Black has an interesting try

45. ±xd5 ≡xf2 46. ≡xh4 there is nothing is lost. A sample line is 32. ±d3 g5

33.g3 h5 34.a4 h4 35.gxh4 gxh4 36.🕸 e3 ⊈c4 etc.1

Black can then try 31...f4+ 32. \$\div f2\$ just enough time to save half a point: 34. \$\dot{\psi}\$f3 \$\dot{\psi}\$xc6 35. \$\dot{\psi}\$xf4 \$\dot{\psi}\$b5 36. \$\dot{\psi}\$g5 \$\dot{\psi}\$ a4 37.h4 \$\div xa3 38. \$\div h6 a5 39. \$\div xh7 a4 40.g4 41.h5 gxh5 42.gxh5 a3 43. h6 a2 44. 2g8 a1 45.h7 with a theoretically drawn position.

30.b5 h5 31.a4 Now the position looks completely drawn but play continues. 31...h4 32.a5 ⊈d6 33.⊈d4 g4 34. hxq4 fxq4 35.ge4 фc7



36. dc5?? A terrible blunder throwing the game away.

White has several moves that draw, the simplest way being 36. \$\pm\$e3 h3 37. axh3 axh3 38. \$f4.

36... **åb7** It's suddenly all over. 37. **₫d4** Or 37.\(\delta\)f5 h3 38.gxh3 g3 and the pawn queens. 37...h3 38.qxh3 qxh3 0-1

Red Deer Chess Club

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Mondays: beginning at 4:30 pm Contact Alexey Taranik

> for more information Phone: (403) 872-1062

email: taranik1978@yahoo.ca

Medicine Hat Chess Club

Gas City Kiwanis Centre

Room 5, 826 – 11th Street S.E. Wednesdays

7:00 pm to 10:30 pm mid-September to mid-June Contact: Bill Taylor 403.526.5484 403.527.3574

email: taylormw@shaw.ca.

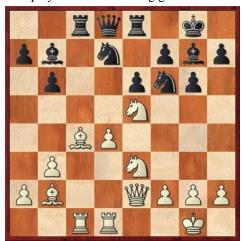
2016 Calgary International

The 9th edition of the annual festival took place at the Calgary Chess Club on July 27 - August 1. As in previous years, the tournament was organized and directed by the International Arbiter Vlad Rekson. The event attracted a total of 31 participants, including 5 GMs, 3 IMs and 7 FMs.

Overall, it was the most impressive roster since the inception of the Calgary International in 2008. The featured players included the former World Chess Championship challenger GM Gata Kamsky (USA) as well as the winner of the 2013 edition of the Edmonton International GM Lazaro Bruzon (Cuba).

Naturally, thanks to a relatively large number of players, the tournament was very eventful, every round featuring something interesting. After seven rounds of play GM Kayden Troff (USA) was leading with an excellent score of 6/7 and seemed to be in catch up. IM Razvan Preotu (Canada) won his crucial games in the last two rounds and finished clear first with 7/9. The second place was shared by the aforementioned GMs Troff, Kamsky as well as GM Gil Popilski (Israel). Daniel Kazmaier was the best Albertan with a score of 5.5/9 and a tie for the fifth place. Another impressive performance was demonstrated by Diwen Shi who managed to draw GMs Bruzon been worried about 18. 25 but the the h2-b8 diagonal. 24... 2f8? Surprisand Popilski as well as IM Michael Bodek. Diwen finished with 4.5/9.

With 130 games played it is hardly possible to provide a detailed coverage of the event within the scope of this report. Below I'll present a few game fragments that stood out for me for one reason or another. First of all, the move of the tournament was played in the following game.



Panjwani-Bruzon, after 17. £xc4



the driver's seat. However, his slow finish Calgary International, Round 4. Board 1: IM Michael Bodek-IM Razvan Preotu. Board 2: (just 0.5/2) allowed the competitors to GM Victor Mikhalevski-GM Gata Kamsky. Board 3: IM Raja Panjwani-GM Kayden Troff.

Panjwani, Raja (2388) -Bruzon, Lazaro (2643) [A05]

9th Calgary International (7.3), 31.07.2016

White has more space and more active pieces. 17... 2b8 [17... 2d5 incomputer says that it may be answered by 18... \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc1 \(\overline{Q}\)xe5! After 24... \(\overline{Q}\)a6 that kind of protects the with at least equality in all lines.]

18. \$b5 \(\mathbb{Z}\) xc1 19.\(\mathbb{Z}\) xc1 \(\mathbb{Z}\) e7 20.\(\mathbb{W}\) c4 A big fight for the c-file is in progress. **20...2**d**5** Correct.

20...a6? initiates the following tactical sequence that works in White's favor: 21. ga3 axb5 22. gxe7 gxe7 23. gc7 [™]xc7 24.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc7 \(\delta\)a6 25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a7 \(\delta\)f8 26.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf7 Material is approximately equal but White's pieces are far more active, while Black's lack coordination.

21. 2 xd5 exd5

Certainly not 21... \$\dagger xd5? 22. \dots c8 and White wins material.

22. Wc3 White keeps control of the cfile for the time being and retains some initiative. 22... \delta d6?!

The computer advocates (possibly followed by a7-a6) kicking the white pieces back. Black may have been worried about 23.\$a3 fxe5 24. \$xe7 \mathbb{ hang on by the skin of his teeth:

25... \widetilde{\psi}xc7 26. \widetilde{\pi}xc7 \&a6 27.a4 exd4 28.

23. all Creating new tactical opportunities. 23...\\mathbb{Z}c7

23...a6? runs into 24. 2xg6! winning on the spot. 24. Ze1!? Avoiding a trade of tending to bring the other knight to f6 is rooks is an interesting decision giving a decent alternative. Black may have White even more tactical ideas along ingly, the decisive mistake.

> c7-rook White can execute the following sequence: 25.\(\domax\)xa6 \(\delta\)xa6 (26.\(\delta\)xg6 hxg3 hxg6. Due to the presence of the opposite-color bishops his extra pawn may not be enough to win but he can certainly play on with no risk of losing.



It looks like with his last move Black has defended against the axg6 threat but it is not the case at all.

25. 2a3!! Precisely calculated. White wins in all lines. 25... ₩xa3

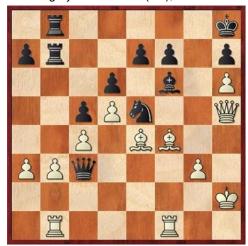
After 25... d8 White has 26. 2xf7 27.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e8 \(\mathbb{\text{\mathbb{M}}}\)f6 28.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xb8 etc.

26.²√2 xg6 hxg6 27. ²/2 xc7 ²/2 b4

At first glance it looks like 27... 2a6 saves Black but 28. 2e8! is crushing. 28. Ze8 \$a6 29.a4 The simplest solution. The b8-knight is now doomed.

29... 2xb5 30.axb5 \windskip xb3 31.g3 \windskip xb5 **≜d6 35. a**d8 b5 36. **a**g2 1-0

Kazmaier, Daniel (2194) - Chiku-Ratte, Olivier - Kenta (2386) [A36] 9th Calgary International (6.6), 30.07.2016



A double-edged battle is in progress. With his last move (Wh5) White indicated his intention to put the queen on An important finesse. Clearly wrong is f5 with strong threats. 28... 28... 28... noring the threat should have cost Black the game. Correct is 28... 2g6! when it's not clear for White how to proceed. A sample line 29. #f5 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xb3 □g8 33.ዿxd6! ₩xc4 34.□b8 ₩c1 35. ¤xg8+ фxg8 36.₩c8+ Øf8 37.₩g4+ leads to a draw by perpetual.

29. Exb3 This wins if followed up correctly. Nevertheless, 29. If c1! is even 0-1 stronger. The main idea is seen after 29... ∰d4: 30. ℤxb3 ℤxb3 31. ∰f5! cre− The most unusual endgame of the tournaating two lethal checkmate threats.

30.⊈h3! ∰xa3 31.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xb2 \(\mathbb{W}\)xb2 32.\(\mathbb{W}\)f5 4 g6 33. \ b1 White wins material.

29...≌xb3 Relatively best.

29... Zxb3 loses immediately to 30. #f5 9th Calgary International (3.5), 28.07.2016 [□]b2+ 31.[♠]h3.

wrong here, probably missing Black's White. The only problem is his extra game (see next diagram).



The future tournament winner IM Razvan Preotu before the start of his round 2 game.

31st move. Correct is 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)b1!! with the same ideas as above. For example, Black is helpless.

30... **≜xe5** 31. **≅f3 \@d1!** The only but sufficient resource. 32. 2xh7? A nice try but it loses quickly.

32.\dagger xf7 \dagger d2+ 33.\dagger h3 \dagger xh6+ 34.\dagger q2 may not look very inspiring but the game is far from being over here.

33.**⊈h**3 ∰h1+ 34.∯q4 ₩xh5+ 35. 4xh5 \(\bar{2}\)h2+

35... ⊈xh7? 36. ℤxf7+ ⊈g8 37. ⊈g6 ℤb8 38. Exe7 and it is suddenly White who is playing for a win.

36. 中央 中央 37. 图 xf7+ 中央 38. 图 xe7 knight that is kind of stuck in the en-quires no comments. 39. \(\begin{aligned}
2 & \delta & 40.罩e7+ 空f8 41.罩xa7 罩g6+ 42.空f5 ≅xq3 43.\(\beta\)a4 \(\phe\)e7 44.\(\beta\)a7+ \(\phe\)d8 45. **Za8+ ☆c7 46.☆e6 ☆b7 47.Za5 Zg4** 48. 里a4 里g8 49. 中d7 中b6 50.中e6 里b8 should have no problems converting.

ment occurred in the following GM - GM Black can also try 29...\(\mathbb{Z}\)but after encounter (please see next diagram).

Troff, Kayden (2543) -Bruzon, Lazaro (2643) [E15]



Troff – Bruzon, after 37... 2e-7

emy territory. 38.a3

The most incisive continuation is 38. \(\dot{\psi} \) xg4! neglecting the a2-pawn. After 38...≜xa2 39. ⊈xg5 a5 40. ⊈f6 the knight is back into play, and White

The pawn endgame after 38... 2e2+ 39. \$\dot{\pi}xg5 \dot{\pi}xh5 40. \$\dot{\pi}xh5 \dot{\pi}xe8 41. \$\dot{\pi}g6\$ is also an easy win for White

38...a5 39.a4? Best is 39.4 c7 2 d6 40. ∅a8! intending to return some material. After 40... \$\dot{\psi}\$c6 41.\$\dot{\psi}\$e8+ \$\dot{\psi}\$b7 42. with two healthy extra pawns.

39...b5! 40.axb5 \$xb5 41.\$\alpha\$c7 \$c4 How to stop the a-pawn now? 42. 2e8 30. 2xe5? Unfortunately, White goes The position looks totally winning for \$\ddot d8\$ The critical position of the end-



be insufficient for a win. The only way to keep White's winning hopes alive is compensation for the lost exchange. 43. 2xd5! Black can capture either minor piece but White's central passed pawns will give him good winning chances: 43...\$xe8 44.\$c3 \$e6 45.e4 or 43...\$xd5 44.\$a4 \$f3 45.\$f2 \$c7

43... ⊈xc7 44. Ձa4 ⊈b6 45. ⊈xq5 Ձb5 Black's counterplay in just enough for 图b5 20. 2c3 2h6 21. 2c4 2b6 22. 2b1 a draw. The remainder of the game is a5 23. 2d2 g5 24.fxg5 \(\frac{1}{2}\)g7 25. \(\frac{1}{2}\)d4 played perfectly by both sides. 46. \$\doldo b3 \doldo b8 26. \$\doldo c5 \doldo c7 27. \$\doldo bd1 \doldo 5 28. \$c4 47.\$c2 \$\dots b5 48.h4 a4 49.h5 a3 \$\dots c3 1-0 50. gb1 a2 51. gxa2 gxa2 52.e4 dxe4 53. 中f4 中c6 54.h6 皇g8 55.中xe4 中d6 Wu, Chenxi (1757) - Ebrahim-åe4 59.h7 åxh7 60. Фxh7 Фxd4 1/2-1/2

A surprising opening catastrophe occurred in another GM – GM game.

Popilski, Gil (2542) -Kamsky, Gata (2660) [B33]

9th Calgary International (7.2), 31.07.2016

1.e4 c5 2.4 f3 4 c6 3.d4 cxd4 4.4 xd4 ସ୍ତିf6 5.ସିc3 q6 6.ସିxc6 bxc6 7.e5 ସିପ୍ର 8. **£c4** Overall, this is a pretty good line for White who scores more than 70% from here. But with his next two moves Black is going to make it even worse. 8... Cr? This turns out to be not a good square for the queen. 8...\$g7 minimizes the damage.

9.\(\dom\)f4 Now White has strong tactical threats that Black decides to ignore for some reason. 9... g7

9...e6 looks ugly but may be the lesser evil. Black is significantly worse in any case though.

Now White can win material in two different ways (see next diagram).



10.\(\delta\x\)f7+ This is better than 10.e6 43. 堂xg4? Curiously, this turns out to 豐xf4 11.exf7+ 堂f8 12.fxg8豐+ 罩xg8 13. 2xq8 4xq8 when Black gets some checkmate in a couple of moves. The

10... 空d8 11. 營e2 包h6 12. 息b3 图f8 13. plarily! 1-0 q3 \(\mathbb{B} \) 14.0-0-0 White is up a pawn and has a large positional advantage. In the following he doesn't give Black a single chance to come back into the game. 14...罩b4 15.臭d2 營b8 16.f4 包f5 17.4De4 4Dd4 18.1 dd3 4Dxb3+ 19.axb3

Shirazi, Behrooz (2050) [C02]

9th Calgary International (2), 28.07.2016

1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.e5 c5 4.c3 2c6 5. 2 f3 \$d7 6. \$d3 cxd4 7.cxd4 ₩b6 8.0-0 **②xd4** 9.**②bd2** The main line of the Milner-Barry gambit. **9...\mathbb{G}** A took clear second (4/5). rare move that looks playable though. 10.፟⊕xd4 ∰xd4 11.፟⊕f3 ∰b6 12. ∰g5 **≜**b5?



Black achieves a positionally desirable

trade of light-squared bishops but gets really behind in development and loses almost by force.

Instead, after a solid 12... ge7!? a complex struggle lies ahead.

13. ₩**h5 g6** [13... ♠h6 doesn't help either: 14. ge3 ga6 15. gxb5+ gxb5 16. ⟨□xe6 g6 17.\(\mathbb{\ma

14. 增f3 罩c7 15. 全e3 Winning an important tempo. 15... \alpha a5

Black can try 15... 2c5 but after 16. wins material.

16. **\$xb5+ \mathbb{\m** a key defender and seizing the c-file. 17...增d7 18.罩xc7 增xc7 19.罩c1 增e7 20.∰f4 ⊈h6 21.∰a4+ ∯d8 22.⊈b6+ Black resigned in view of an inevitable punishment has been executed exem-

FM Ian Findlay wins 9th Calgary International Qualifier/Fundraiser

The tournament was held at the Calgary Chess Club on June 4-5 and featured two sections: Open and Under 1400. A total of 27 players participated in the event organized and directed by Vlad Rekhson.

In the Open section the rating favorite FM Ian Findlay cruised to victory finishing with 4.5/5. The second place went to Felix Rose (4/5), and there was a three-way tie for the third place among Martin Robichaud, Behrooz Ebrahim-Shirazi and Mohamad Fellah.

The Under 1400 was won by Paul Wang with a perfect score of 5/5, Arul Papneja

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13

Over/Under 1800

This year the annual event was moved away from the Labour Day weekend, as an experiment. The tournament took place at Edmonton Chess Club on August 27-28.

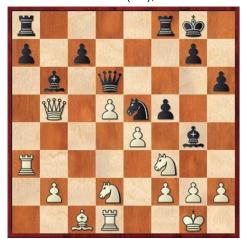
The Over 1800 section featured several strong players, including Peter Kalisvaart and Keith MacKinnon who had recently returned to Alberta after a prolonged absence. Keith took full advantage of his favorable pairings to start the tournament with 4/4. In round 5 he offered FM Dale Haessel a draw on move 14 but the offer was justifiably declined. In the ensuing melee the advantage changed sides several times before a draw was agreed on move 34. Thus, Keith MacKinnon finished clear first with a result of 4.5/5, while FM Dale Haessel took second with 4/5.

Peter Kalisvaart and FM Ian Findlay scored 3.5/5 and tied for the third place. Ian's result could have been better had he against Tristan Tran-Ly in round 2.

The Under 1800 section was won by a newcomer Alvin Guevarra with a result of 4.5/5. Dustin Koperski scored 3.5/5, which somehow turned out to be enough for clear second. A six-way tie for the third place sation for the pawn deserves attention. fxg3 26.包e3 图f2 27.d6+ 位h8 28.包g4 may serve as an explanation.

The best game of the tournament was played in the very first round on one of the top boards. Not something one normally sees at a typical weekend event where the pairings are so mismatched.

Findlay, lan (2264) -Macleod, Damon (1908) [C65] Over 1800 Edmonton (1.3), 27.08.2016



White is up a pawn but the situation on the board is unclear. His pieces are not well coordinated and most of them are far away from the king. 18. 2c4



not walked into an unexpected checkmate Over/Under 1800, round 2. Foreground: Tristan Tran-Ly - FM Ian Findlay (board 2) and Keith MacKinnon - Mashad Bin Shoeb (board 3).

fxe4 20. \(\psi\)xe4 \(\psi\)h5 with full compen-19.gxf3 \(\precent{2}\)xf2+ This strike would be great if White were obligated to take the bishop but he isn't. Instead, the computer points out to 19... g6!? indirectly defending the g4-bishop and threatening a checkmate in two. After 20. ∅e5 wh5! the position is totally unclear. Taking the bishop 21 fxq4? is still not good in view of 21...fxg4 with too many threats. For example, 22.

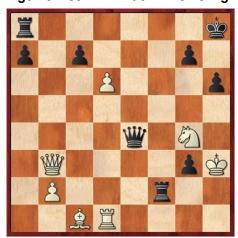
20. 位 20. 位 20. 位 20. 位 20. 位 20. [™]xh2+ when the white king gets in big trouble. For example, after 21. 2 e 3 Black can play 21... xf3 22. xf3 [™]h5+ 23.[♠]e3 [™]xd1 regaining material while maintaining a strong attack.

20... xf3+ Spectacular but unsound. Relatively best is 20... g6 but after 21. ☆xf2 fxe4 22.40e5 ₩h5 23.40xg4 ₩xg4 24. We2 White should be able to consolidate his extra piece.

21. Exf3 增g6+ 22. Eg3?

White has to call the opponent's bluff with 22. ±xf2 fxe4 23. ±xf8+ ±xf8+ 24. de3! although it's easier said than done, of course. A sample line is 27.d6 cxd6+ 28.\(\dag{Q}\)xd6 \(\begin{array}{c} \text{c} \text{8+} \text{29.\(\dag{\phi}\)b4 and the king walks away to safety.

②xf3+ Black goes for a tempting se- 22... 2xg3 23.hxg3 f4! The tables quence. Instead, 18... 2xc4!? 19. 2xc4! have suddenly turned; Black's attack is irresistible. 24.₩b3 ₩xe4+ 25.Φh3



Black's only problem is that he has too many winning moves. 28... #g2+

28...\frac{1}{2}f3 intending g3-g2 was the quickest way to victory. The text continuation leads to an amazing position.

29. ⊈h4 g5+ 30. ⊈h5 ∰h3+?

Hard to believe but this natural check loses the game. Let's consider a few alternatives.

After 30...cxd6 31.\ddot\dot\c3+ \dot\dot\h7 32.\ddot\dot\dot\dot\dot Black has to allow perpetual check: 32... \$\dagger h8 33. \dagger d4+ \dagger h7 34. \dagger d3+ etc. 30... Zaf8 is an interesting try but White

saves half a point by 31. 2xf2 \windskip xf2

Black doesn't have more than his own to fight for the draw. She can probably perpetual: 33... e8+ 34. xh6 Ef6+ exchange all the pawns by means of 35. ±xg5 ₩e5+ 36. ±h4 ₩e4+ 37. ±h3 41.b4!? axb4 42.axb4 &xb4 43. □g5! [™]f5+ 38.[™]g2 [™]f2+ 39.[™]h3 [™]h2+ [™]xh4 44.[™]g6+ [™]d7 45.[™]xb6 but as we 40. ⊈g4 ≝e2+ etc.

It turns out that 30... \(\mathbb{Z} g 8!! \) is the only ing is not easy in a practical game. move keeping Black's winning hopes 40. 25! The only but sufficient realive. The point is that after 31. 2+ \(\mathbb{Z}\)g7 the perpetual is prevented. Here allows White to achieve a favorable because of 32... \$\dot{\phi}\$q7 33. \$\div \text{xh6} \$\dot{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{b}}}}}}\$r4+ with a forced checkmate to follow.

Best is 31. 2 xf2 wh2+ 32. 2 q4 h5+ 33. ☆f5 \windtyxf2+ 34. \div e4 \windtye2+ 35. \div d4 cxd6 with a crazy position.

but it wins. 31... 398+ [31... 34] xq4 is no 49. 2xa4 2xb2 50. 2xa3 51. 2xb6 good either in view of 32. 23+1

legal but sufficient winning move.

32...**⊈**xq8 33. d7 **₩**xq4

[33... \mathbb{I}f8 34.d8\mathbb{\mathbb{M}} makes no difference.] 34.d8豐+ 罩f8 35.豐d5+ 1-0

The Under 1800 section featured the following interesting endgame.

Hughey, Leah (1639) -Ivanescu, Cristian (1738) [C12] Under 1800 Edmonton (4.1), 28.08.2016



White has 3 pawns for a piece, including 2 connected passers. 37. dr f3 limiting the opponent's options.

move, and White has to make a diffi- 58. \$\dot\pi xa5 \lambda_-1/2\$ cult choice. 38. 2e4 The alternative 38.g4 looks wrong to the computer but Black doesn't have anything concrete.

38... **39.14 2.16 39.17 39.18 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19 39.19** breathe a sigh of relief.

39...exf4!? is actually possible: after 40.gxf4 (40.\(\mathbb{Z}xc5\)? loses to 40...fxg3+

know, holding the \(\mathbb{Z}\) versus \(\mathbb{Z}+\dxt\dxt\dxt\end\) end−

source. 40... \mathbb{Z}xg5 41.hxg5 b6? This pawn structure on the queenside leading to a winning position. Instead, 41...exf4 42.gxf4 a4 43.f5+ \$\div f7\$ 44.\$\div \$ d5 \(\pm\$e7 should suffice for a draw although proving it over the board wouldn't be easy. For example, 45.f6 \$c1 52.c5 \$xg5 53.c6 \$f4 etc.

32. ₩xg8+ Same story here: the only 42.a4! exf4 43.gxf4 &c5 44.f5+ фf7 45.c3 ⊈e7 46.⊈d5 ⊈e3 47.g6 ⊈f6 48. **☆c6! \$c1** Obviously, the f5-pawn is taboo. 49. 4xb6 2xb2 50.c4

> 50. day also wins but in a highly nontrivial fashion: 50... \$\ddots xc3+ 51. \ddots b5 \ddots xf5 52. \$\dagge c4! \$\dagge e5 53. \$\dagge d5! \$\dagge c3 54.a5 \$\dagge \dagge \$ xq6 55.a6 and queens.

> 50... 4xf5 51.c5 4xg6 52.c6 &e5 53. ቋxa5 ቋf7 54.ቋb6 ቋe7



White has played very well after the opponent's mistake on move 41 and is inches away from a full point. 55.c7?? Now it's only a draw. 55. \$\div b7 \div d8 56. It is more practical to play 37.h5 first, a5 would have forced a resignation. 55.a5 **4**d6 56.a6 suffices as well.

37... **ชe6!** The f5-rook can barely 55... **ชd7** 56.a5 **\$xc7+** 57.**\$b5 \$xa5**



The 2016 edition of the annual tournament took place at the Sandman hotel in Grande Prairie on May 21-22. Once again, thanks to generous contributions from Caughlin Financial Services and the ACA the prize fund was increased by \$1,000. Wade Caughlin also sponsored a speed chess tournament on Friday night. The main event was directed by Tim Pradzinski and featured a record attendance of 28 players. Five of them participated in their first ever CFC rated tournament with a regular time

The first place was shared by the reigning Edmonton champion Belsar Valencia and Butch Villavieja. The winners scored 4.5/5 but somehow avoided playing each other. Chris White from La Crete had a great weekend and ended up clear third with an excellent score of 4/5.

2016 Southern Alberta Open

Frank Kluytmans organized and directed the tournament that was held at the Calgary Chess Club on December 3-4. A total of 32 players competed for the title and a guaranteed spot in the next year's Alberta Closed. The defending champion Gary Ng scored 4.5/5 for the fourth straight year. This time, however, it turned out to be insufficient for clear first. Belsar Valencia ended up with the same result and qualified for the Alberta Closed by virtue of having a better tie-breaker. FMs Dale Haesel and Ian Findlay shared the third place with a result of 4/5.

Alberta Women's champion WIM Agnieszka Matras-Clement defended her title in a round-robin tournament that took place at the Edmonton Chess Club on August 27



Grande Prairie Regional College Room E-302 Tuesdays: 6 pm – 9 pm **Contact** Wade Caughlin wade.caughlin@sunlife.com www.gpchessclub.com

Team North wins the Battle of AB for the fifth time in six years

The 21st edition of the annual Battle took place at the Red Deer Lodge on September 10. Team North won the previous two Battles with a crushing score but this year was shaping to be a different story. For a change, North wasn't an overwhelming rating favorite but rather a slight underdog. A very close match was anticipated, and Round 1 fully matched the expectations. Team South won 6.5:5.5 and could have easily scored more. For example, on board 6 Robert Gardner performed his magic trick once again and ended up winning a lost position against Martin Robichaud. On board 11 Dante Briones was probably lost as well in his game against Omid Malek but saved an important half a point by tenacious defence and some help from the opponent. The biggest drama of the round occurred on board 7. The ACA President Vlad Rekhson obtained a winning endgame against Anuar Caldera but suddenly blundered a whole rook. Nevertheless, he kept on playing and somehow managed to draw despite a huge material deficit.

The best game of round, in my opinion, was played on board 8 between two uncompromising opponents.

Leuchanka, Siarhei (2198) -Villavieja, Butch (2166) [E84] Battle of Alberta (1.8), 10.09.2016

1.d4 \$\alpha\$f6 2.c4 g6 3.\$\alpha\$c3 \(\frac{1}{2}\)g7 4.e4 d6 5.f3 0-0 6.ዿe3 ②c6 7.②ge2 a6 8. ₩d2 ≅b8 9.\(\dag{\Omega}\)c1 e5 10.d5 \(\delta\)d4 11.\(\dag{\Omega}\)b3 ♠xb3 12.axb3 c5 13.b4 cxb4 14.♠a4 b5 15.cxb5 axb5 16.\dot xb4 So far both players have followed the main roads. 16... **②h5** 17.0-0-0?! This novelty looks overly optimistic. All the games that reached this position continued 17. ②c3, which is the best move.

17...f5 18.4c3 罩f7 19.4b1 罩fb7 20. g3 46 21. ad3 fxe4 The computer 25.bxa4!? This leads to a highly undoesn't like this capture that releases balanced position with chances for the tension a little too early. 22. 2xe4! Black may have underestimated this recapture. 22... ②xe4

Black is better off avoiding this line. 23. £xe4?! An interesting moment.

23.fxe4 is evaluated as equal. The draw but neither side probably wanted reason may be that in this case Black's dark-squared bishop will remain out of play for a long time. On the contrary,



Round 1 of the 2016 Battle of Alberta has just started. Foreground: Keith MacKinnon – FM Ian Findlay (board 5) and Martin Robichaud - Robert Gardner (board 6).

after the text move Black will have a pawn to move forward is not a good chance to free his bishop by playing e5 -e4 as soon as White moves the e4- game right away. bishop anywhere. 23... 38 Correct. It turns out that after a waiting move the a-file. 24.b3! White covers the a4square... 24... Ea4!? but Black goes 33... 增b4+ 34. Eb3 增e1+ 35. 空a2 桌c4? there anyway.



both sides. Nevertheless, the computer prefers 25. d2 forcing the a4-the queen back by means of 30.\(\mathbb{L}\)d2 Excellent! This counterattacking rethis to happen. 30... 曾a4 31. 国b8+ 空f7 not good in view of 38... 曾c1 threaten-32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c3 \(\dagge\)b5 33.\(\dagge\)c2? Allowing the e- ing a checkmate in one.]

idea that should have cost White the

gress on the queenside.

> The winning move is 35...e4!! freeing the dark-squared bishop in a true King's Indian style. After something like 36.\(\mathbb{Z}\)b7+ \(\phi\)f8 37.\(\mathbb{Z}\)3xb5 (37.\(\phi\)xa3 ₩a5#) 37...₩a1+ 38.фb3 ₩b2+ 39.ф a4 \(\psi\)xc2+ 40.\(\psi\)xa3 \(\psi\)c3+ 41.\(\psi\)a4 [™]xe3 Black wins material.



axb2 31.\(\done\)xa5 bxc1\(\done\)+ 32.\(\done\)xc1 with a source is the only way to save half a point. 37... \$\dot\dot\g\$ 38.h4+ [38.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}xg7? is 38...⊈h6 39.⊈d8 ⊈xb3+ 40.⊈xa3? sequence of moves is forced:

40... 豐e3+ 41. 空a2 豐xf3 42. 全g5+ 空h5 14... 全b4!? threatening to ruin the op-mains highly unbalanced but the game goes on. 40... \$f6!! The only but sufficient winning move. 41. 2xf6 2a5+ 42. well. There is nothing wrong with 16. Фxb3 ₩xd5+ 43.Фc3 ₩xb7 0-1 An amazing battle!

In Round 2 North played with more vigor and turned the match around. A good illustration is the game on board 10.

Kalisvaart, Peter (2107) -Tam, Erik (2142) [A41]

Battle of Alberta (2.10), 10.09.2016

Peter lost game 1 in a crushing style but responded strongly in round 2.

1.d4 d6 2.c4 e5 3.dxe5 dxe5 4.\(\mathbb{\text{\psi}}\)xd8+ Фxd8 5.Øc3 \$e6 6.e4 c6

Black achieves an excellent score in this line but the main reason may be a big difference in rating in favor of the Black players. 7.f4 f6 The computer 16... Zad8?? A blunder in a critical poadvocates 7...exf4 although White's sition. Black may have stopped calcugame is easy after 8.\(\precent{2}\)xf4.

8. 2 f3 2 d7 9.fxe5 fxe5

knight before it can jump to q5. This hanging. Then after 18. 2q4 2e8 19. was David Bronstein's choice in his \$\mathbb{Z}\$xf6 (forced) 19...gxf6 20.\mathbb{Z}\$xb7 \$\mathbb{Z}\$xh2 1982 game against Grigory Press.

looks suspicious but White doesn't slight material deficit but Black has his reveals, however, that Black must be

really have anything concrete.

After the natural 40. 位xb3 the following 11... 包qf6 12. 包xe6 位xe6 13. 息h3+ 位 f7 14.\(\partia\)a5 \(\partia\)c5

ponent's pawn structure is interesting. \$d2 when the chances remain approximately equal.



lating after the principal 16...hxg5 17. Better is 9... 2xe5! exchanging the f3- after 17... 2e7! White's pieces are 21. ≜d7+ ☆f8 22. ≜xc6 White has ac- At first glance, the position looks dead

chances as well. Now it's all over. have missed this cute intermezzo. Now he cannot avoid material losses. 18.... \$e3+ 19. Φb1 罩d2 20. \$xe5+ 罩f2 15.0-0-0 h6 16.\(\mathbb{E}\)hf1 This looks like a 21.\(\mathbb{E}\)xf2 \(\mathbb{E}\)xf2 22.\(\mathbb{E}\)c2 \(\mathbb{E}\)e8 23.\(\mathbb{E}\)d6 bluff that suddenly works out really **2g1 24.e5 2xh2 25.e6+ Exe6 26. ≜xe6+ ≜xe6 27.≜b8** White ended up with an extra piece and went on to win convincingly. 1-0

> The game on board 8 was an interesting see-saw battle once again.

Villavieja, Butch (2166) -Leuchanka, Siarhei (2193) [B00] Battle of Alberta (2.8), 10.09.2016



10.2g5 de7 11.g3 Black's position tive pieces and compensation for a equal. A more detailed examination

Battle of Alberta Results

North	CFC	FIDE	R1	R2	Bd	R1	R2	South	CFC	FIDE
Bitan Banerjee	2411	2350	1/2	1	1	1/2	0	Gary Ng	2351	2254
CM Rafael Arruebarrena	2356	2264	0	1/2	2	1	1/2	FM Dale Haessel	2316	2223
Belsar Valencia	2344	2268	1	1/2	3	0	1/2	Daniel Kazmaier	2292	2216
Jeff Reeve	2329	2262	0	0	4	1	1	CM Diwen Shi	2259	2251
Keith MacKinnon	2270	2207	1/2	1/2	5	1/2	1/2	FM lan Findlay	2253	2232
Robert J. Gardner	2250	2150	1	1	6	0	0	Martin Robichaud	2202	2083
Anuar Caldera	2245	2143	1/2	1	7	1/2	0	Vladislav Rekhson	2201	2116
Butch Villavieja	2166	2107	1	1	8	0	0	Siarhei Leuchanka	2193	2198
Micah Hughey	2117	2070	1/2	1/2	9	1/2	1/2	Kris Boehmer	2191	2163
Peter Kalisvaart	2049	2107	0	1	10	1	0	Erik Tam	2142	2062
Dante Briones	1998	1976	1/2	0	11	1/2	1	Omid Malek	2126	2054
Mike Zeggelaar	1994	1946	0	1/2	12	1	1/2	Kim Nguyen	2103	2021
North Tota	ls		5½	71/2		61/2	41/2	South T	otals	
Grand Tota	als		1	3		1	1	Grand T	otals	
Rating Average	2210.8	2154.2						Rating Average	2219.1	2156.1

careful not to allow White to develop perfectly! initiative on the kingside. 49... #e6? Black defends the f5-pawn but suddenly loses the game. Curiously, the only way to maintain equilibrium is with 50... \(\bar{Z}\) xc3 51. \(\bar{Z}\) xf7+ \(\bar{D}\) xf7 52. \(\bar{W}\) xc3 dead drawn. White's following play is exemplary; he doesn't give the opponent a shred of hope. 50.h5! \(\mathbb{A} = 1 \). hxq6 fxq6 52. \(\mathbb{H}\)h5! \(\mathbb{H}\)a8 53.\(\mathbb{H}\)q5 \(\mathbb{H}\)g8 54.\(\mathbb{G}\)h1 \(\mathbb{G}\)e8 55. \(\mathbb{G}\)h6+ \(\phi\)g8 It's checkmate in 2. 1-0

Team South was certainly not helped by Gary Ng's flagging in a drawn position against Bitan Banerjee on board 1. The 19... #g6 The only issue is that Black game on board 9 must also have been a huge disappointment for the southerners. After a perfect opening preparation White portunities. White may be asked to find achieved a totally winning position right a few precise move to extinguish the out of the book...

Boehmer, Kris (2191) -Hughev.Micah (2117) [D34] Battle of Alberta (2.9), 10.09.2016

1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3. 2 f3 c5 4.cxd5 exd5 0-0 A tabiya of the Tarrasch defence that must have occurred in hundreds of Micah's games. 9.dxc5 d4 This interesting pawn sacrifice is Micah's pet line. The natural 9...\$xc5 is, of course, the most popular continuation here. I can say that I have played the position after 10. 2a4 with both colors and I really like White's relatively simple play against the isolated pawn.

10.4a4 \$f5 11.\$f4 \$e4 12.\alpha c1 The game smoothly follows White's preparation. 12... #d5 The most popular but Objectively, after the brave 24. 2xg5! A nice try but Black's passer guarannot necessarily best.

The purpose of White's previous is to get ready for 12... 4 d5 which can now be met by 13.\(\dd{14}\).d6 \(\dd{x}\)xd6 14.cxd6 \(\dd{w}\)xd6 15. ∅c5 with an excellent position.

Caution: White must be prepared for all kinds of moves including 12...h6!? 13.營b3 營h5 14.営fd1 営ad8 15.營xb7! This simple pawn grab has been recommended by GM Boris Avrukh although there are no practical examples in the database. 15...d3 The critical test but White is ready. 16.4 c3 dxe2 17.\(\bar{Z}\)xd8 \(\bar{Z}\)xd8 \(\bar{Z}\)xe4 \(\bar{Q}\)xe4 \(\bar{Q}\)xe4 \(19.\bar{Q}\)e1 Avrukh ends his analysis here with a verdict "White wins". The computer agrees. White's prep has worked out for him.



does have some activity along with a "nail" on e2 that gives him tactical opopponent's initiative. 20. 26 \$xc5 A nice try but there is a refutation.

21.\(\delta\)xe4 \(\delta\)xe4 22.\(\delta\)xc5! \(\delta\)d1 23.\(\delta\)c1? Black's back rank problems. In this line The computer indicates that 38.a3!? is Black has to resign immediately but the best try for a win. now things get complicated.

execution.

Interestingly enough, the best move is a cold-blooded 23...h6! casually creating a much needed luft for the king. It turns out that White doesn't have a useful move, and after, say, 24. b7 26. ∰xb4 ᡚxb4 27. ⊕g2 ᡚxa2 Black probably drawn. 44... ᡚd3 45. ᡚd2 will regain a piece with equality.

not a bad practical decision.

Black's days would have been numbered but such a continuation requires 54.gxh4+ 2xh4 is a tablebase draw. nerves of steel and precise calculation. but Black has ideas like 24...h6!? creating another luft square for the king 1/2-1/2 with a tempo. After, say, 25.\(\delta\)xh6 \(\delta\)e5 26.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c8+ \(\dot{\phi}\)h7 White has to foresee or he is lost!

24... dg7 25. dg4 h6 26. axd1 exd1 dg7 managed to survive for the time being



31...a5 [Certainly not 31... wxb2?? 32. [™]e4+ picking up the c6-knight.]

32. 2d 4? After this careless move the win becomes problematic if not impossible. White should prepare the knight jump with 33. 2d d5 taking the e4-square under control.

33...₩e4+! 34.⊈h2 Дe5 35.₩f5+ Probably best although Black is happy Correct is 23.\(\delta\)d2! \(\mathbb{Z}\)xd2 24.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc6 to exchange queens. 35...\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf5 36. ସ୍ଥିxf5 ସ୍ଥିd3 37.b3 ସ୍ଥିxf2 38.ସ୍ଥିd6

38...②d3 Even better is 38...**②**g4+ 39. 23...g5? The right idea but not the \$\dong g2 \&\dolga e5 keeping the number of pawns on the board even. A handshake is in order after 40. 4 c4 4 c6.

Now White manages to keep his extra pawn, which gives him the right to play on. 39.4xf7 4c1 40.4d6 4xa2 41. ଏିc4 ଏିb4 42.ଏିxa5 ଫୁୁର 43.ଫୁh3 ଫୁୁଗୁ5 (to pin the knight) 24...g5 25.\(\delta\)e3 \(\delta\)b4! 44.\(\delta\)c4 Nevertheless, the position is ଦ୍ଧିf2+ 46.ଫୁg2 ସିd3 47.ଫୁh3 ସିf2+ 48.ଫୁ e3 �b4 52.�f2 �g5 53.�e4 h4 54.g4 tees him half a point.

54...Øc2 55.∯d3 Øb4+ 56.∯c4 Øa2 of a checkmate in a couple of moves 60.g6 h3 61.g7 h2 62.g8 h1 63. ₩f7+ Φe2 64.₩e6+ Φd2 65.₩d5+

This was the second longest game of the round. The longest one was played on board 3 where Daniel Kazmaier kept on trying for 95 moves but couldn't break through Belsar Valencia's defense. Board 12 saw the same story: Kim Nguyen couldn't pull the trigger against Mike Zeggelaar. And so the North won round 2 of although this endgame isn't much fun the Battle with a score of 7.5:4.5 resulting in the match score of 13:11. Till next year!

Daniel Kazmaier is the 2016 **Alberta Open Champion**

The 2016/17 Alberta Championship cycle began in Calgary on the Thanksgiving weekend. The traditional six-round Open Swiss took place at the Days Inn Calgary South hotel, with the winner qualifying for the 2017 Alberta Closed. Hoping to attract stronger players the ACA Board of Directors guaranteed a \$3,000 prize fund based on just 30 entries. A total of 40 players ended up participating including the defending champion FM Dale Haessel. The ACA President Vlad Rekhson organized and directed the event.

In the absence of a clear rating favorite the race for the title was predictably tight. After 3 rounds of play there remained only three players with a perfect score: Belsar Valencia, Omid Malek and Robert Gardner. The "Rocket" managed to upset the nominal rating favorite in round 3.

Yam, Alex (2378) -Gardner, Robert (2264) [B30] Alberta Open, Calgary (3.1), 09.10.2016

A very typical win for Rob Gardner: a

dubious opening, a lost position after 12 moves, fight on, take advantage of the opponent's mistakes and get a winning position after move 22.

1.e4 c5 2.ᡚf3 ᡚc6 3.Ձb5 ∰c7 4.0-0 a6 5.\(\delta\)xc6 \(\delta\)xc6 6.\(\delta\)c3 e6 7.\(\delta\)e1 d6 8.d4 cxd4 9.\mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{m}}}xd4 \&\dagger{\Delta}f6 This whole line looks good for White. He parted with the bishop pair but gained a considerable lead in development. 10.295 10. ∅d5!? is possible right here. 10...ge7 11.2d5!



This gives White a winning attack. 14. 營xf6 閏f8



Alberta Open: playing hall during round 4

14... Ig8 looks like a more tenacious Surprisingly, this extra check loses all alternative although Black certainly of White's advantage. Correct is the didn't like 15.42g5.

15.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe7+?! Tempting but not entirely may be answered by 21.\(\angle\)xe6+ (with a correct. The computer suggests 15. check!) 21... 22. 22. 23 White will Ze3!? with a simple plan of doubling soon be two pawns up. the rooks and indicates that Black's 20... \$\dagger c8 21. \$\Dagger d4?! The computer ina knock-out punch.

15...\\xi\xe7 16.\\xi\end{aligned}e6!

soon prove fatal.

17.₩c3! Best. White maintains pressure but his position is not as dominating as in the line above. 17... \(\text{\$\mathbb{Z}\$} \) C8 18.₩b3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c5 19.dxe6 \(\phi\)d8 20.\(\mathbb{D}\)b6+?



immediate 20. 2d4! since 20...fxe6

position is critical. A sample line is dicates that White should start playing 15... 空d8 16. 豐h6 臭q4 17. ②d4! 罩e8 18. for a draw: 21.exf7 豐xf7 22. 罩e2. With □ ae1 \(\frac{1}{2} \)d7. Black is on the ropes but the material being approximately it's not obvious how White can deliver equal, a draw is indeed the most likely outcome. 21...fxe6 22.\alphae3?

Here 22.4 xe6? runs into 22... xc2 The only move. After 16... wxe1+ 17. followed by Black's deadly counteratturns to defend the king.

22... **b8** Too much prophylaxis.

22... Wh4! turns out to be surprisingly strong. 23. \$\tilde{\Omega}\$ f3 may then be answered by 23... \(\mathbb{Z}\) xc2! taking advantage of the opponent's back rank problems. White doesn't have a good way out of this

23.f4? After this Black assumes full control of the position and never lets the opponent off the hook. The best chance is 23.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe6! \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc2 24.q3 \(\mathbb{\mathbb{U}}\)c7

Exc5 29. Exh7 Ec2 30. Eg7 Exb2 31. h4 ≅xa2 32.h5 ≅f6 33.40e5 ≅f5 34. Ød7+ Фa7 35.g4 This loses the knight but White has no good move anyway. 35... \dagged d5 36. \dagged f7 \dagged d1+ 37. \dagged f1 \dagged xd7 38.

a3 42.g6 a2 43.g7 a1 44.g8 2 3d2+

Malek on board 1 and became the sole looks better but Black is still ahead Gardner obtained a promising position out 15... **2d7!** Black has emerged with a of the opening but couldn't develop the large advantage that he doesn't relininitiative. Dan Kazmaier played with great quish for the rest of the game. 16. 2e2 energy and won convincingly.

Gardner, Robert (2264) -Kazmaier, Daniel (2286) [A80]

Alberta Open, Calgary (4.2), 09.10.2016

1.d4 f5 2.\(\frac{1}{2}\)g5 h6 3.\(\frac{1}{2}\)h4 g5 4.e4 \(\frac{1}{2}\)g7 5.\(\pma\)q3 fxe4

5...f4? is known to be bad for Black. After 6. 2xf4 gxf4 7. 2h5+ 2h5+ 2h5+ piece with a superior position.

6.h4 **②**f6?! This natural move gives White strong initiative.

6...d5!? occurred only once in practice but may be Black's best. The idea is to keep developing and to answer 7.hxg5 with 7... 2c6 The check on h5 is actually not dangerous in these lines because the black king has a nice shelter on f8.

several promising continuations here.



12.f3 But this one allows Black to equalize: 12...2c6! 13.2b5?!

This sortie works out in Black's favor. The most direct approach 13.fxe4 to some wacky variations after 15...e6 ②xd4 19. ½e1! ②e2+ 20. ②xe2 ₩xb2+ 21. dd2 wxc2+ 22. de3 wxd1 etc.

The game can also quickly end in a The round featured the following interest-Phone: (780) 790-1008 draw by repetition: 15...\$f6 16.\mathbb{\mathbb{H}}xg4 ing rook endgame on board 6.

ਫ਼ਿਰ2 ਫ਼ਿxf2 39.cxf2 a5 40.h6 a4 41.g5 @c8 17. **@**g8+ **cd**7 18.**@**g4+ **ce**8 etc. 13...≅c8 14.₩f4 e6 15.₩h6

15. ②xc7+ ☆f7 leads White nowhere. In round 4 Belsar Valencia defeated Omid 15.fxg4 &xg4 16.&e2 &xe2 17.4 xe2

∰f8 17.∰h2 a6 18.ᡚc3

18. ∅xc7 opening up the c-file for the black rook doesn't look right.

18...gxf3 19.gxf3 b5 20.fxe4 ∅xe4 21.ᡚxe4 ዿxe4 22.፰f1 ∰g7 23.c3



7.hxg5 hxg5 8. Exh8+ &xh8 9. Yd2 g4 23... 公xd4! The most incisive con-10. 2 c3 d5 11.0-0-0 2f5 White has tinuation. Black is not afraid to sacrifice material in order to break through. With that said, 23...b4 is also a good way to continue the attack.

24.cxd4 \bullet xd4 25.\bullet f7+ \bullet c6 26.\bullet f3

the moment but his attack is irresistible. 29. 2f4 e5 30. 2h6 ₩c4+ 31. 4d1 ∰xa2 32.∰d2 ∰b3+ 33.☆e1 e4 34. åe2 åxb2 35.₩g5 ₩c3+ 36.Φd1 ₩d4+ 37. фc2 ₩f6 38. ₩q4

the black pawns will eventually decide the game.

38...ዿf5 39.₩f4 ₩c3+ 40.☆d1 e3 41. åxb5+ axb5 42.\\xi\xe3 \&q4+ 43.\\delta\e2 ₩xe3 44. \$xe3 d4 0-1

In round 5 Dan Kazmaier defeated Belsar Findlay as well as Omid Malek won their games and joined Belsar with 4/5. The SwissSys pairing software decided that Dan would be challenged by FM Haessel in his last game on board 1.

Booker, Brad (2221) -Daniluk, Jim (1986) [B30]

Alberta Open, Calgary (5.6), 10.10.2016



White dreams of exchanging the d6pawn for the b4-pawn with a theoretical draw but Black finds a nice and clear path to victory. 50... \(\bar{2}\) b4 51. \(\bar{2}\) q2 Such a committal decision requires precise calculation. Black must have foreseen the winning plan at this point. 55. **b**h2 White can't do anything to cross the opponent's plan. The rook has to stay on b6, while the king is restricted to just two squares: q2 and h2. 55...h6 56. 2g2 g5 57.hxg5 hxg5 58. \$\div h2 f4 59.gxf4 gxf4 60. \$\div g2 f3+ 60...e3 is also sufficient. 61. 4 h2 e3 62.d7+ 4xd7 63.fxe3 f2 0-1

In the decisive game of the tournament Black has just two pawns for a piece at Dale obtained a promising position out of the opening but just couldn't capitalize on it. Dan took advantage of the opponent's mistakes and went on to win in 34 moves. Thus, Daniel Kazmaier finished clear first with an excellent score of 5.5/6. The sec-38. #xf6+ &xf6 prolongs the agony but ond place went to FM Ian Findlay (5/6) who defeated Omid Malek in the last round. Despite a great start, Belsar Valencia ended up only third (4.5/6).

Fort McMurray Chess Club

Valencia on board 1 and took the lead with Open on Thursdays 7:00 – 9:30 PM 4.5 points. FMs Dale Haessel and Ian Address: Westwood Family YMCA 221 Tundra Drive

Contact: Jina Burn

Email: fmchessclub@hotmail.com

Web: http://www.fmchess.com/

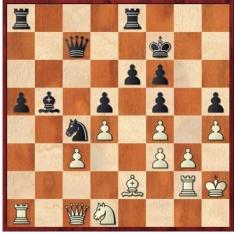
2016 Edmonton Fall Sectional

The 2016 edition of the annual event was held at the Edmonton Chess Club on October 29-30. The tournament was organized by Micah Hughey and directed by Dustin Koperski. As usual, participants were slotted into groups of 6 according to ratings, then each group played their own roundrobin tournament.

Section A was dominated by FM Ian Findlay who won yet another tournament in 2016. Ian clinched the first place with a round to go, then agreed to a quick draw with Keith MacKinnon to make his final 4.5/5 score official. Rob Gardner had an eventful weekend and ended up clear second with 3/5. Butch Villavieja, Erik Tam and Omid Malek shared the third place with 2/5. I have decided to include two following fragments in this report.

Malek, Omid (2180) -MacKinnon, Keith (2295) [A45]

Edmonton Fall Sectional A (2), 29.10.2016



After a long manoeuvring middlegame battle Black has achieved a better position. White's main consolation is a safer king but after his next it's no longer the case. 40.g4? hxg4 41.fxg4 图h8! 42.h5 fxg4 43.\$xg4 ②d6 44.包f2 **②f5?!** This is not the right plan.

Instead, 44... Zag8 looks pretty good. **45.4h3 4g7?** 45...**2**ag8 still looks good. After 46.\(\precent{2}\)xf5 \(\precent{2}\)xg2+ 47.\(\precent{2}\)xg2 exf5 the h5-pawn is going to fall soon leaving Black with both material and positional advantage. 46. b1 f5

Forced. The white gueen must not be allowed to penetrate. 47. 2xb5

Also possible and probably better is 47. ≜f3!? intending to play \(\mathbb{Z}\)g5 next. Black, however, has 47...42xh5 with the following wacky variation: 48. 2xd5



Round 2 of the Edmonton Fall Sectional. Foreground: Robert Gardner - Erik Tam. Background: Omid Malek-Keith MacKinnon.

only the computer that knows why this 51... \(\tilde{\pi} \) as proposed in the postposition is drawn. A possible way to mortem and this move does hold get to this result quickly is as follows: Black's position together. After 52. 2b1 50...②xh3+ 51.☆h1 ②f2+ 52.☆g1 ♠h3+ 53.♠h1 ♠f2+ with a perpetual.

even though Black's chances must be \$\div f2 \div b2+ etc. preferred after 48... \(\mathbb{Z}\)xh5.

48... ±66 49. □xq4 □xh5+ 50. ±q2 position White has two ways to win. [™]xc3? Looks crushing except that 54.[™]g6+ Omid demonstrates the first White has a great reply. Instead, after one. The other route is 54.營行+ 全8 50... Zah8 White is in serious trouble.



51. We2!! Suddenly turning the tables. The queen is going to e5 with lethal threats so Black doesn't have time to take the rook. 51... Zah8? Throwing

₩c7! Black has everything covered.

Another good move is 51... Фe7 Now 47...fxg4 48.2g5+? This knight is an after 52. ₩e5 Black can take a draw by important defender. Correct is 48. \subseteq xg4 perpetual: 52... \subseteq b2+ 53. \subseteq f3 \subseteq c3+ 54.

52.₩e5+ Φe7 53.₩xq7+ Φe8 In this

55. 4 xe6+ ★c8 56. ₹g8+ ₹xg8+ 57. \(\mathbb{\text{\psi}} xg8+ \\ \mathbb{\phi} d7 \\ 58.\(\Delta c5+ \) with a quick checkmate to follow.

54... 空d8 55. 營f6+ 空c8 56. 營xe6+ 空c7 57. ₩e7+ Φc6 58. ₩c5+! The only but sufficient move here. 58... 2xc5 59. dxc5 閏h2+ 60.空q3 空xc5 61.罝xa5+ 空 c6 62.f5 The rest is redundant.

62...ℤh1 63.ᡚf3 ℤd1 64.ℤg6+ фb7 65.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a2 \(\mathbb{Z}\)h5 66.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e2 1-0

Gardner, Robert (2291) -Villavieja, Butch (2201) [E84]

Edmonton Fall Sectional A (5), 30.10.2016

An interesting endgame on the next diagram has a drawish flavor thanks to the presence of the opposite-color bishops on the board.

47...5 b5 48.a4 5 c3

48... ©d4 looks like a clear-cut way to



Gardner - Villavieja, after 47. 2e4

a draw: 49. 2xd4 &xd4 and the white pawns will be blocked soon.

49.\(\delta\)f3 g5 Possible but makes Black's task more complicated. Simpler is over the years); Jack Davies (who returned 49...\$\dot\c5 intending to meet 50.a5 with 50... \$\dot\dots b5 with an easy draw.

after this natural move Black won't be able to stop the a-pawn. Correct is 50... 4 d5! which doesn't really look right at first glance. Now 51.a6 2xc6 52.\(\dag{\pm}\)xd5+ \(\dag{\pm}\)b6 is an easy draw.

White can also try 51.\(\pmax\)xd5 \(\pm\)xd5 52. ♠b4+ hoping for 52...
♠c5? 53.a6! ♠ a draw is inevitable.

51.a6! White doesn't miss his chance. 51...☆c5 52.a7 ②c7 53.②b8! ☆d4 54. **2 a6 1-0** [53... **4** b4 54. **2** a6+ leads to the same result.]

Section B was closer: Alvin Guevarra and Bhavik Dave tied for the first place with 3.5/5, while Dante Briones ended up third (3/5). Section C was similar to Section A: Cristian Ivanescu won easily with 4.5/5, Matthew Zita took second with 3/5 and Dustin Koperski finished third (2.5/5).

Finally, Section D was won by Mark Tuvera with a perfect score. Leonard Relling, Dean MacDonald and Ron Offengended shared the second place with 3/5.

22nd Annual Medicine Hat Open By Dr. Bill Taylor, Organizer and TD

The 22nd Annual Medicine Hat "Open" (Fall) Chess Tournament took place on another sunny, warm, "Fall" weekend. Considering the relatively rainy Spring and Summer we've had in Alberta, it was a blessing to have warm, sunny days for this event, now in its 22nd year.

edge, we welcomed our first FIDE master 49 sponsors. (a "veteran" of Lethbridge attendees. I to us after an almost 10 year absence); and Jerry Mikusek. Our very faithful Edmon- to promote levity. 50.a5 Db5? It's hard to believe but ton participants, John Quiring and Steve In addition to the Saturday night "Drinks" Panteluk were in attendance.

> This year we had another new first time with 4/5. Steve was presented with a 2^{nd} chess accomplishment. He was very excited!!!! There was a 4-way tie for 3rd in each section.

cake from the Cheesecake Café [it proba- go about it. Until next year ...

This year the Medicine Hat Chess Club bly weighed 20 lbs. - we only consumed (MHCC) was pleased to welcome 16 play- about 10% of it]). Additionally, there were ers (exactly the same number as last year), yummy pumpkin chocolate chip cookies, including 4 first time participants. In par- frozen strawberries, ice cream, and Rediticular, we welcomed another young (age whip type of topping. Complimentary cof-7) Junior Chess Player (Anand Rishi fee, tea, hot chocolate, a variety of soft Chandra). We had another 7 year-old last drinks, assorted muffins, and a plentitude year. Anand distinguished himself by beat- of Werther's® soft and hard candies, ing two adults and finishing with 2/5 chocolate covered raisins, Skittles®, and points. He gave me a tough game in the wine gums were offered up. All of this opening round! To the best of my knowl- came courtesy of the generous support of

(FM) in the personage of Ian Findlay, who Once again, I shared, and cajoled others to is now based in Banff. He was the highest share, jokes with the assembled multitude. rated player, and delivered on his promise. Most of this came from a joke calendar I Five players(!) joined us from Lethbridge, received as a Christmas present. This traincluding 2 new participants (Bruce dition, started in 2009, will continue, as Coates and Jeff Milner); Dr. Paul Viminitz "Laughter, truly is the best medicine". There were a few descenting opinions (e.g. think he's been with us at least 8 times Dr. Paul Viminitz), but hey it's a free world, and there's no accounting for taste. Thank you to all who dignified my request

and Dessert" social (for the fifteenth consecutive year!), we once again offered winner, Ian Findlay, who finished with a "Lunch for a Buck" on Sunday, for the perfect score of 5/5. In second place, also 19th straight year. My wife (Margaret) for the first time(!), was Steve Panteluk provided thick, creamy, potato cheddar soup (to which fresh broccoli had been place plaque, and commented that he had added), sliced lumberjack sandwiches, and b6 54. Ød5+. However, after 52... do never before received a plaque for any potato salad. Additionally, there was a massive amount of leftover carrot cake for dessert. Thanks to our sponsors, \$175.00 place in the top section between the fol- was injected into the tournament prize lowing participants: John Quiring, (Dr.) fund, over and above the entry fees. This is Bill Taylor, your intrepid reporter, Jack the 18th straight year that our prize fund Davies, and Adam Szulski with 3/5. In has exceeded the value of our entry fees. the lower (under 1700) section, **Jerry Mi**- With the anticipated ongoing support of **<u>kusek</u>** finished 1st with <u>3/5</u>. There was a 4- our many sponsors, and the new sponsors way tie for 2nd place between the following that I recruit, I will continue to offer all of participants: Chris Jonker, (Dr.) Paul these "perks" and enhancements next year. Viminitz, Mike Scholz, and our Junior, I continue to encourage and challenge Anand Rishi Chandra. The entry fees other tournament committees/TDs elseminus the requisite deduction for ACA where, to offer similar enhancements at dues (16 x \$5.00) were returned as cash their Chess tournaments. Ian Findlay is prizes. This was supplemented with a organizing and coordinating the Banff small cash injection by the MHCC and Open in November. He plans to have wine merchandise prizes to the "top" finishers and cheese at his house. He commented to me that I have set a pretty high standard True to tradition, all tournament partici- for the beneficence offered to our MHO pants were treated to the usual Medicine tournament participants. I know that such Hat and "Taylor-made" hospitality. My enhancements would not be possible, withwife, Margaret, continues to make this a out the support of sponsors. As stated reality for which all participants many times before, (and I will continue to (especially myself) are grateful!! She coor- repeat myself like the proverbial broken dinated the Saturday Night drinks and des- record!), SPONSORSHIP MAKES IT sert (which this year offered an enormous, ALL POSSIBLE!! Please feel free to congigantic, overwhelming huge slab of carrot tact me if you want some ideas on how to

Jerry Kobalenko and Robert Sasata tie for first at the 2016 Banff Open

The 2016 ACA calendar featured a new event - Banff Open. A six-round Open Swiss took place at the Banff Centre on November 11-13 and attracted a total of 32 participants. The tournament organizer FM Ian Findlay did an excellent job in putting everything together, including a Wine and Cheese party after the end of round 4.

The ACA Board of Directors guaranteed a prize fund of \$1,000 and another \$100 was added by the Society of Chess Aficionados. Even though only two rounds were played every day, the time control was shortened to a game in 90 minutes (with a 30-second increment) to give participants more opportunities to explore Canada's oldest national park.

The story of the tournament turned out to be Jerry Kobalenko from Canmore, whose CFC rating prior to the start of the event was just 1934. Jerry managed to score 5/6, including three straight wins over FM Dale Haessel, Robert Sasata and FM Ian Findlay. In round 5 he was completely lost against Omid Malek but saved half a point somehow. In this report I'll try to figure out what happened in those games.

Haessel, Dale (2264) -Kobalenko, Jerry (1927) [E73] 2016 Banff Open (2.3), 11.11.2016

1.d4 \$\hat{Q}\$f6 2.c4 g6 3.\$\hat{Q}\$c3 \$\hat{g}\$g7 4.e4 d6 5. \$\delta e 2 0-0 6. \$\delta e 3 e 5 7. d 5 \$\delta e 8 8. g 4 f 5 9.gxf5 gxf5 10. 2 f3 Another promising direction is 10.exf5!? with a different pawn structure. 10...f4 11.\(\delta\)d2 \(\delta\)h8 12.₩c2 a5 13.0-0-0 \@a6 14.\dag1 ଏ c5 15.h4 gd7 16.h5 White's following plan ends up working in Black's favor. Instead, 16. Øe1!? intending to exchange the c5-knight deserves attention. 16... \$\dagger h6 17. \@h2 \@f6 18. \@g4 ②xg4 19.\(\dot{2}\)xg4 \(\delta\)xg4 \(\del **Ξxg8+ ≝xg8** (see next diagram).

Exchanges have improved Black's position a lot, and he has also seized control of the q-file. White must now switch to defence.

22. 4 b5? This sortie leads to trouble. It is essential for White to find the following line: 22.f3! #g2 23.#d1 The point is that 23... 4 d3+ 24. 4 c2 4 f2? doesn't work in view of 25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)g1 \(\Delta\)xd1 26.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}xg2 \@xc3 27.\mathbb{\mathbb{L}}xc3 with a much better endgame for the first player.

22... 曾q2 23. 罩e1 曾xf2 24. 名xc7 罩c8



Round 4 of the Banff Open. Foreground: Robert Sasata - Georgi Kostadinov.



Good enough for decisive advantage but there is an even stronger alternative. 24... \(\mathbb{Z} \)g8! turns out to be lethal. The threat of \(\mathbb{Z} g2 \) is hard to parry; in case of 25.\(\ddot\)c3 f3+ 26.\(\ddot\)b1 \(\ddot\)xc2+ 27. Фxc2 f2 28.\mathbb{Z}f1 \mathbb{Z}g1 the white king After 20 moves of play the position suddenly walks into a checkmate: 29.

25. 4 b5 f3 26. 4 d1 ₩xd2+? It turns the pawn wins on the spot. White has nothing better than 27.\(\pmax\)xh6 f2 28.\(\pma\)e2 ②xe4+ 30. dd3 \subseteq xc4! 31.\subseteq xf2?

34. ±xf2 ∆f5 Black is up a pawn but chance to play 25... √2d6! threatening

has got a lot of work to do to convert. 31... Zb4 0-1

Kobalenko, Jerry (1927) -Sasata, Robert (2341) [D02]

2016 Banff Open (3.1), 12.11.2016



looks normal and approximately equal. 21.f3?! Voluntarily weakening his own king. Instead, rearranging the rooks by out that 26... #g2! clearing the way for means of 21. Ed1 De8 22. Eac1 is logical. **21...h5** Immediate 21... 2e8 is preferable. 22. \$\dot{\psi}\$f2 Steinitz would have been delighted but this king's centrali-**\$c3 ₩c5 24.\$d4 ₩f5 25.Ed1?!** Looks Blundering a piece. Instead, after 31. natural but the rook had to go to c1 xc4 Ød2+ 32. Ød3 Øxf1 33. Øe2 Øe3 instead. **25... Øf6** Black misses a

to iump to e4 or to take on c4. Here Kobalenko, Jerry (1927) -26. 2xd6? doesn't work in view of Findlay,lan (2319) [A14] 26... Ic2+ 27. 中 1 Ixd6! 28. Ib1 Idc6 2016 Banff Open (4.1), 12.11.2016 with deadly threats.

tions. 26... **2**xd4+ 27. **2**xd4 **2**xd4

Black can try 27... h3 but after 28. f8 31.\(\mathbb{Z}\)ad1 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xg3 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a8 White's ac− A good novelty. 13...\(\hat{\Omega}\)d5 was played pawn for a few moves. The position is tive rooks will be a big nuisance.

\(\mathbb{Z}\)c7 31.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc7 \(\Delta\)xc7 32.\(\Delta\)d6 Black will not be able to hold on to his extra If he does want exchanges, the way to pawn, so the endgame should be a do it is 14. 2xc6 2xc6 15. 2xc6 至xc6 39. Exf7 g5 40. Ef3 空e5 draw. **32...②e6?!**

The computer recommends 32...f4!? intending to split White's queenside 15. 2e3 is still relatively best. Now pawns. After 33.gxf4 4 d5 the position 35. 2 xa7 f6 is also OK for Black.



33.2 C8 Now Black has problems with his gueenside that he was unable to solve. **33...a5 34.②xb6 ②c5 35.△e3** ②xb3 36. dd3 f4 37.gxf4 df8 38. dc3 ②c5? Black's desire to defend the a5pawn gives White a crucial tempo.

The best chance is 38... ②c1!? 39. ☆c4 фe7 40.фb5 фd6 41.Фc4+ фc7 42. ☼xa5 ½e2 and the game is far from being over.

39. **©c4 ②b7** Now Black is completely lost. The last chance is 39... 4 e6 40. 4 december 20 b5 ⊈e7 41. ②c4 ⊈d7 bringing the king plausible 42. 2 e5+ \$\div c7 43. 2 xf7 \$\div xf4\$ close to winning.

40. \$\dot{\phi}\$b5 \$\dot{\phi}\$e7 41. \$\dot{\phi}\$c4 \$\dot{\phi}\$e6 42. \$\dot{\phi}\$b6 ସିପଃ 43.ସିxa5 ହf5 44.ସିc6 ସିe6 45.a5 ②xf4 46.a6 1-0

26.e4! Forcing favorable simplifica- 1. වf3 වf6 2.g3 d5 3. gg e6 4.0-0 åe7 5.b3 0-0 6.åb2 c5 7.d4 40c6 8. ②bd2 b6 9.c4 2b7 10.e3 \(\text{\text{Z}} \) c8 11.\(\text{\text{Q}} \) e5 means of 31...a4! After 32.bxa4 \(\text{\text{\text{Z}}} \) xg4 cxd4 12.exd4 dxc4 13.4 dxc4 b5!

before, which is less energetic.

14. ②xc6?! Inaccurate. White's best is 14. ②e3 keeping pieces on the board. 16.എe5 etc.

14...\$xc6 15.\$xc6?!

Black takes advantage of the opponent's inaccuracies.

15...bxc4! 16.\(\dot{2}\)f3 c3 This strong passer gives Black a significantly better position. 17.\(\hat{2}\)c1 \(\bar{2}\)d5 18.a3 a5 19. ₩c2 ₩b6 20.\daggeddd \daggedfd8 21.\daggeddd daggeddd daggedd **≜e3?**

Black's last two moves gave White a chance to bail out with 22.\(\ddot\)xd5! \(\ddot\)xd5 23. \$\dagger e 3 \dagger xd4 \quad 24. \dagger xd4 \quad \quad xd4 \quad 25. \quad \quad xc3 simplifying into an almost equal endgame.

22... 2xe3 23.fxe3 e5 24.d5 e4! 25. gives White time for 27. Ze1.



to the queenside even though after a 27. #f2? White is trying to be tricky but this move should lose the game. Rela- Malek, Omid (2177) -44. ½xa5 White's position still looks tively best is 27. ℤxe3 although White's Kobalenko, Jerry (1927) [A45] position remains unpleasant after a 2016 Banff Open (5.1), 13.11.2016 plausible 27... wxe3+ 28. dg2 Ze8.

looked something.

In round 4 Jerry was very close to being rook on a1. Then after 28. Ec1 Exd3 base, and for a good reason. 8.c4! lost against FM Ian Findlay but the oppo- 29. 24. 4+ works well. 27... 2ce8 is Certainly. White is going to win the d5nent's surprising mistake turned the tables. not bad either as White remains on the pawn soon. 8...c6 9.cxd5 cxd5 10.

ropes after 28. \mathbb{Z}xe3 \mathbb{Z}xe3.

28.\\xi\xb6 \&d4+ 29.\\xi\xd4 \\\xi\xd4 \&0. \$xc8 c2 31.\$a4! This may be the resource that Black missed in his calculations. 31...≅xα4?

It is time to secure half a point by 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c4 Black holds on to the c2drawn as White's pawns are too weak. 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1 \(\phi\)f8 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc2 \(\mathbb{Z}\)d4 34.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c5 a4 35.bxa4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xa4 36.d6! An excellent try. 36... Фe8 37. ℤe5+ Фd7 38. ℤe7+ Фxd6



\$xe4 Ee8 26.\$f5 Exe3 The computer Black has good drawing chances but advocates 26... Zcd8!? even though it was unable to hold this ending. 41. Zb3 h5 42.h3 \(\mathbb{Z} \)c4

> 42...g4!? intending to exchange pawns may be a draw right there. 43.h4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)a5 is not dangerous for Black.

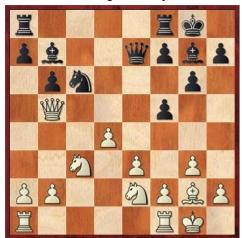
> 43.ጃe3+ ₾f5 44.₾f2 h4 45.g4+ ₾f4 46.\(\mathbb{I}\)f3+ \(\dot{\phi}\)e4 47.\(\dot{\phi}\)g2 \(\mathbb{I}\)a4? Why not 47...\(\mathbb{Z}\)c2+ 48.\(\mathbb{Z}\)f2 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c4? 49.\(\mathbb{Z}\)b2 may be answered by 49... \$\ddots\$ and White cannot make progress.

> 48.\Bb3! \psi e5 49.\psi f2 \psi f6 50.\psi e2 \psi g6 Things are quickly going downhill for Black from here. 51. 中d2 里a8 52.中c3 \(\begin{aligned}
> \begin{aligned}
> \begin{alig \(\begin{aligned}
> \begin{aligned}
> \begin{alig \(\mathbb{Z}\)e3+ 59.\(\mathbb{Z}\)b3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)e5 60.\(\mathred{D}\)a4 \(\mathred{Z}\)e4+ 61. \(\begin{aligned}
> \begin{aligned}
> \begin{alig Фb6 \(\mathbb{E} e1 65.a7 \(\mathbb{E} e8 66.\(\mathbb{E} a4 1-0 \)

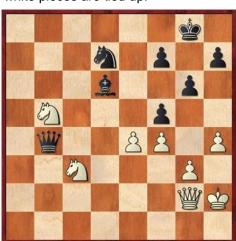
f5 5.g3 \(\docume{g}\)g7 6.\(\delta\)g2 d5 7.\(\delta\)e2 b6?

He should play 27...c2! first hitting the There is no such move in the data-

②bc3 \$b7 11.₩b3 0-0 12.0-0 ②c6 13.\mathbb{\ma decisive advantage already.



17.a3 𝔄fd8 18.g2 ₺c4 19.b4 𝗵ac8 20.\(\mathbb{Z}\)fc1 a6 21.h4 b5 22.\(\mathbb{D}\)h2 \(\mathbb{A}\)h6 23. a4 \(\bar{2}\)b8 24.axb5 axb5 25.\(\bar{2}\)d5 \(\bar{2}\)d6 26. Dec3 Dd2 27. Za7 Dg7 28. Zca1 \(\text{\textsuperscript{\textsuperscr 罩c7 凹e6 32.罩c5 凹a6 33.f4 包b3 34. fact, after 45.exf5! 凹h2+ 46. 空g4 h5+ 2016 Alberta Junior Championship **②c7** Allowing Black to exchange the 47. 空q5 豐xq3+ 48. 空f6 豐xh4+ 49. 空e5 relief. Better is 34.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c7! maintaining a extra piece should tell. dominating position. 34... ₩a3 35. ℤxb5 42... ₩xd6 43.e5 ₩c5 44. 2d5 фg7 45. **\(\begin{aligned}
\begin{aligned}
\begin{ali** here. White gradually goes astray and **\$f8 41.e4 \$xd6?** This natural move is white pieces are tied up.



42. ∅xd6? The final mistake.

Instead, 42. d2! wins a piece. Perhaps. Black counted on 42...\$c5 43. www.d7 wb2+ 44. bh3 gg1 threatening checkmate, and White understandably decided not to take any chances. In



Alberta Junior Championship: playing hall during round 1

queenside pawns brings him some the king reaches safety, then White's The annual competition open to all players

ends up losing his extra pawn. 37.d5 When the dust finally settled, Jerry Ko-2c5 38. 2d2 2g8 39.d6 2d7 40. 2g2 balenko and Robert Sasata tied for the first The Championship section was once again place with 5/6. Ian Findlay, Omid Malek actually a blunder. Correct is 41...fxe4 and Georgi Kostadinov shared the third 42. wxe4 wc5! emphasizing that the with a score of 4.5/6. Special thanks to Dustin Koperski for directing the event.



Jerry Kobalenko at the 2016 Banff Open

of under 20 years of age took place at the Edmonton Chess Club on November 19-20. The participants were slotted into four sections: Championship, Open, Under 1300 and Girls.

a round-robin tournament of six players led by the rating favorite and the defending champion Diwen Shi. Unlike 2015, Diwen never let his foot off the gas pedal and smoothly cruised to victory with a score of 4.5/5. The second seed Mohamad Fellah had an eventful weekend and finished half a point behind the winner. The third place was decided in the last round game Kaixin Wang - Chenxi Wu. White was totally winning but an unfortunate blunder turned the tables completely, and Chenxi ended up clear third with 3/5.

The Open section was won by Karlo Gasparac with a result of 4.5/5. The second place went to Anand Rishi Chandra (4/5); Cameron Ratte and Julian Lau tied for the third place with 3/5.

The Under 1300 section was tightly contested, Paul Le emerging victorious with 5/6. Three players shared the second place with 4/6: Yash Darvekar, Piaoyi Wu and Kevin Oin.

The Girls section was also a qualifier for the 2017 Susan Polgar Foundation Girls' Invitational tournament. Lucy Chao won

the section along with the right to represent Alberta in St. Louis next year. Michelle Mo finished second, and Sydney Mah ended up third.

Special thanks to Dustin Koperski for organizing and directing the tournament.

I have decided to include the following two fragments in this report.

Fellah, Mohamad (2051) -Wang, Kaixin (1845) [B90]

AB Junior Championship (1), 19.11.2016

The most adventurous game of the weekend. 1.e4 c5 2.4 f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4. 2xd4 2f6 5. 2c3 a6 6.f3 e5 7. 2b3 åe6 8. åe3 åe7 9. d2 0-0 10.0-0-0 ∆bd7 11.g4 Both players follow the main roads of the Najdorf. 11... 2c8 Here 11...b5 is far more popular. 12.g5 ②h5 13.罩g1 ②b6 14.豐f2?!

In such positions prophylactic 14. \$\documentum{\psi} b1 is usually a good move. White doesn't fear 14...Øc4 15.≜xc4 etc.

14...a c4 Natural. Nevertheless, Black has an interesting resource 14... \(\mathbb{Z}xc3! \) \(\mathbb{L}b6 \) \(\mathbb{E}fc8 \) 27. \(\mathbb{L}a5 \) b6 28.\(\mathbb{L}b4 \) \(\mathbb{E}d8 \) end up with a slightly better position when the dust settles.

suddenly worked. Michael Adams game against Alexander Grischuk.

16... wxa5? Now the black queen will be trapped. Instead, 16... £e6! leaves him with a slightly better position. Here 17. ½xb7? ∰c7 18. ½a5 doesn't work 30... **☆e7?** Black has to let the d6because the c4-square has become pawn go: 30...a5 31. 2xd6 \delta dc8 and he available: 18... wxa5 19. b6 wb4 20. a3 #c4 and the queen returns home Now White finds a winning breakunscathed.

make much of a difference.1

18.bxc3 **②f4** Black has a lot of positional compensation but it is still not tack is irresistible, and he finds a right 26... Ec8? This justifies White's play. enough to offset the material deficit.

19. Ig4 White's idea to return some material is correct but the execution isn't the best. The computer advocates 19.\(\mathbb{Z}\)ge1!? \(\ddot\)xg5 20.\(\ddot\)e3 consolidating.

indeed the right decision to eliminate Wu, Chenxi (1892) this knight. 21...exf4 22. 2d4?

But sacrificing the g5-pawn isn't. Correct is 22.h4! holding on the pawn.

fence that White must have underesti- Black is threatening &h4. White demated.



Alberta Junior: Mohamad Fellah – Kaixin Wang and Matthew Zita – Diwen Shi

don't think that White would have gone for 29.\(\pmax\)xd6 \(\max\)xc3 30.\(\max\)xb6 \(\max\)xc2+ 31. 15. Laxc4 Laxc4 16. Da5?! A trap that 2 a1 exposing his own king to the maximum. An alternative is 29. \$\dot\dots a3 but opted for a solid 16. \$\dong b1\$ in his 2005 Black can still play 29... \$\mathbb{Z}\$xc3 30. \$\mathbb{Z}\$xd6 \(\begin{align*}
\begin{align*}
\be here 32... \$\ddots\$h3! 33. \$\mathbb{Z}\$xb6 \$\ddots\$g2 gives him enough counterplay for a draw.

> **29**.**\mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}} d4 \dagger{\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}} 7 30**.**\mathbb{\mathbb{\mathbb{G}}} d2** What to do now? may still be OK.

through: 31. 2e2! b5 32.e5! fxe5 33. 17. **åb6 增xc3** [17... **增b4** 18.a3 doesn't **增xe5** The pin decides the outcome of **罩xf1+ 25. . a**xf1 **增a7!** The refutation. 38. 營e5 全f7 39. 營h5+ 全f6 40. 桌d4+ 空 e7 41. 4c5+ 4e8 42. 4c5 4f7 43. h5 27. 4b5 4b6 28. 4c6 2a4 29. 4xb6 罩c4 44.ዿc5 g6 45.營c7+ 全g8 46. The computer advocates a pawn sac-

Fellah, Mohamad (2051) [B91]

AB Junior Championship (2), 19.11.2016

(Please see the next diagram.) cides to parry the threat by striking 24.h4 2h6 Now he doesn't have any first: 23. Exe7? Correct is 23. Eq. with e5 And Black went on to win this endmaterial advantage. 25. Ed1 Ec6 26. a normal game. 23... Exe7 24. £xd6 game; 0-1 on move 47.



the game. 33... 全f7 34. 里xd6 里dxd6 26. 學e3 Certainly not 26. 鱼xf8? 4e4+ and the white queen is gone. way after a few moves. 37. #c7+ dg6 The winning move is 26... Exf1+! with the idea 27. ±xf1 ₩a6+ 28. ±f2 ₩xd6. rifice 29. dr f2!? dr xe3+ 30. dr xe3 dr xb2 becomes very strong.

Wu - Fellah, after 22... Wd8

29... ②xb6 Now the position is equal but White misses a trick later on. 30. фf2 фf7 31.b3 фf6 32. фe3? He should play 32. £f4 maintaining equality. 32... 2xd5+ That's the trick. 33.桌xd5 罩d8 34.垫d4 罩xd6 35.垫c5 垫

This summer several Albertans travel out he wins the opening battle. Black is Black's passer will decide the outcome of the province to participate in the na- hard pressed to find a move. For ex- of the game. 35.h3 \$\div e6\$ 36.\$\div e2\$ \$\arrow e3\$ tional championships. In particular, Al- ample, 13...\$d5 14.\$\Delta xg7+ \$\Delta f7\$ 15. 37.\$\Delta d3 \$\Delta c4 38.\$\Delta c1 a5 39.\$\Delta b2 \$\Delta d5\$ berta Closed champion Bitan Banerjee and 40e6 cxb2 16.4xb2 4xe6 17.fxe6+ Alberta Junior champion Diwen Shi wxe6 18. xe6+ xe6 and the white 43.a3 bxa3 44. xa3 bxa3 45. xe7 f5 played in the Open section of the 2016 bishops outweigh the opponent's 46.2d6 e4 47.2xf4 a3 48.2e5 a2 49. Canadian Open that took place in Windsor, Ontario, July 10-17. In the field of 48 players Bitan scored 6/9 and tied for the Gaining valuable time on the gueen. fourth place with GM Alexander Cherni- 16. 48 48 48 22 17. 48 22 28 22 18. 491 aev and Ben Li. Diwen finished with 5/9. \$b7 19. \$d4 cxb2 20. \$xb2 e5 Antal from Hungary with a score of 7.5/9. chance to get a GM scalp.

Shi, Diwen (2132) - Cherniaev. Alexander (2451) [B06]

Canadian Open, Windsor (7), 16.07.2016

1.e4 g6 2.d4 \(\frac{1}{2}\)g7 3.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c3 a6 4.f4 b5 5.�f3 &b7 6.&d3 d6 7.e5 �d7 8.₩e2 Delaying castling in favor of more useful developing moves also keeps the option of queenside castling open.

8...c5 9.2g5 Leaving the d4-pawn un- material deficit. defended but White probably knows what he is doing. 9...cxd4 Black is up to the challenge. 10.e6 f6? A novelty that will not attract any followers.

So far Black has exclusively played 10...f5 with great results in spite of unfavorable computer evaluation after 11.exd7+ \(\mathbb{\text{\mathbb{\mtx\mod}\mnx\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\max\mod}\m dxe5 14.a4!

11.exd7+ \(\mathbb{\text{\pi}}\)xd7 12.\(\bar{\pi}\)e6 dxc3 The first critical position of the game.



13. #g4? After this White is left emptyhanded. On the contrary, after 13.f5! 罩xc2 33.垫xc2 包e3+ 34.垫d3 包xf1 rating favorite David Cummings.

pawns.

13... ₩c6 14. ᡚxg7+ ₾f7 15. ᡚe6 ᡚh6

Black kept an important light-squared pawn mass in motion.

approximately balanced. 22... \(\text{\$\text{Z}hc8} \) 23. scored 3.5/9. 0-0-0 ጀር7 24. 2a5 ዿf3? This natural Alberta Women's champion WIM Agniaway with it.

25.\(\dose{\pi}xg6+\hxg6\) 26.\(\overline{\pi}xd5\) but somehow tember 22-25. In a round-robin tournament gives Black sufficient counterplay: of 7 players Agnieszka scored 4.5/6 and 26... 包f5 (threatening the c2-pawn) 27. \(\mathbb{Z}\)d2 \(\mathbb{Z}\)h8 with compensation for the rating favorite and a member of the Cana-



loses a pawn without a shred of com-\(\begin{aligned}
\begin{aligned}
\begin{alig

Or 25...fxe5 26.\(\mathbb{Z}\)gf1 etc.

25... g4 26. gf1 gf5! 27. gxf5?

Leaving the opponent's pawn structure as is 27. b1 is a lesser evil.

27...gxf5 28. db1 \mathbb{\mathbb{Z}} ac8 29.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}} e2 f4 30. විb3 ව්g4 31.වc1? Blundering another pawn certainly doesn't help White's cause. 31... \(\text{Z} xc2 \)

40. ②xc4 ⊈xc4 41. \$b2 b4 42. ⊈d2 a4 &d4 f4 50.&e5 f3 0-1

Jim Daniluk from Calgary also played in the Open section and finished with 4/9.

The Under 2000 section also featured three The tournament was won by GM Gergely In comparison with the line above, Albertans. Jafar Faraji from Lethbridge actually ended up winning the section with In the following game Diwen had a real bishop and managed to put his central 7.5/9, a full point ahead of the second place finisher. Chris White from La Crete 21.fxe5 dxe5 22. ව් b3 The position is and David Deimert from Grande Prairie

> move has a tactical flaw but Black gets eszka Matras-Clement participated in the Canadian Closed Women's Championship Instead, 24... 2d5!? loses a pawn to and Zonal that took place in Ottawa, Sepfinished clear second, a point behind the dian Women's Olympic team Qiyu Zhou. In round 3 Agnieszka defeated the defending champion WIM Natalia Khoudgarian.

> > Matras-Clement, Agnieszka (2308) -Khoudgarian, Natalia (2263) [C01] CWCC Zonal, Ottawa (3), 23.09.2016

1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.exd5 exd5 4.c4 4 f6 5.2c3 \(\frac{1}{2}\)e7 6.2f3 0-0 7.\(\frac{1}{2}\)d3 dxc4 8. åxc4 åg4 9.åe3 Øbd7 10.0-0 Øb6 11. \$\documen\$ c6 12.h3 \documen\$h5 13.g4 \documen\$g6 14. Фe5 Фfd5 15. ₩f3 &f6 16. Zad1 Ze8 17. g4 4 2xf4 18. wxf4 gxe5 19.dxe5 \[
\begin{align*}
\begin{align* hxq4 28.hxq4 \begin{array}{c} b6 29.\begin{array}{c} d2 \begin{array}{c} b4 30.f4 \end{array} f5 31.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d7 \(\mathbb{W}\)c5 32.\(\mathbb{W}\)d5+ \(\mathbb{W}\)xd5 33. pensation. For example, 25... 26. 公xd5 fxg4 34. 公xg4 总e4 35. 公g5 公f8 36.4c7 &c6 37.4xe8 &xd7 38.4d6 b6 39.f5 &c6 40. ±g6 &d5 41.a3 a5 42.f6 1-0

> Last but not least, Alberta Seniors champion Brad Booker played at the Canadian Seniors Championship in Surrey, BC, June 24-26. Brad scored 4/6 and tied for the 6th place. The tournament was won by the

TOP 40 CFC RATED ALBERTANS

2017 ACA Tournament Schedule

All tournaments subject to change by the ACA and/or the Organizer. For updated info, please visit our website:

www.albertachess.org/

Tournaments marked with a star are

Road Warrior Events

Date	Event	Organizer	Location
Jan 6-8	Schleinich Memorial*	Frank Kluytmans	Calgary
Jan-Feb	Regional Youth Ch.	Multiple	Multiple
February	University Battle of AB*	TBD	Calgary
Feb 18-19	Northern AB Open*	Ali Razzaq	Edmonton
Feb 25-26	Calgary Seniors Ch.	Frank Kluytmans	Calgary
Feb 25-26	AB Youth Championship	TBD	Edmonton
Mar 11-12	March of Kings*	Giridhar Koneru	Calgary
Mar 25	AB Active Championship*	Alexey Taranik	Red Deer
Apr 1-2	Lethbridge Open*	Jerry Mikusek	Lethbridge
Apr 8	AB Chess Challenge	Guoliang Wu	Red Deer
Apr 8-9	AB Seniors Championship	Terry Seehagen	Edmonton
Apr 14-16	AB Closed/Reserves*	Frank Kluytmans	Calgary
Apr 29-30	Edmonton Intl. Qualifier*	Leah Hughey	Edmonton
May 13-14	Red Deer Open*	Alexey Taranik	Red Deer
Jun 3-4	34th Trumpeter Classic*	Wade Caughlin	Grande Prairie
Jun 10-11	Calgary Intl. Qualifier*	Brad Booker	Calgary
Jun 17-25	12th Edmonton Intl.*	TBD	Edmonton
Jun 23-25	12th Edmonton Intl. Open*	TBD	Edmonton
Jul 1-3	Fort McMurray Open*	Jina Burn	Ft. McMurray
Jul 1-3	AB Women's Championship	Jina Burn	Ft. McMurray
Aug 2-7	10th Calgary International*	Vlad Rekhson	Calgary
Aug 26-27	Over/Under 1800*	Giridhar Koneru	Calgary
Sep 9	Battle of AB	Alexey Taranik	Red Deer
Sep 16-17	Calgary Jr. Regional	Guoliang Wu	Calgary
Sep 23-24	23rd Medicine Hat Open*	Dr. Bill Taylor	Medicine Hat
Sep 30-Oct 1	Edmonton Jr. Regional	Dustin Koperski	Edmonton
Oct 7-9	Alberta Open*	Ali Razzaq	Edmonton
Oct 27-29	Edmonton Fall Sectional*	Robert Brazeau	Edmonton
Nov 10-12	Banff Open*	lan Findlay	Banff
Nov 18-19	AB Jr. Championship	Guoliang Wu	Calgary
Nov 25-26	Southern AB Open*	Frank Kluytmans	Calgary
Dec 16-17	WBX Team Tournament*	Terry Seehagen	Edmonton

As of December 8, 2016 Hansen, Eric 2626 Porper, Edward 2468 2416 Banerjee, Bitan Wang, Richard 2408 2368 Ng, Gary Valencia, Belsar 2364 Yam, Alex 2354 Pechenkin, Vladimir 2337 Arruebarrena, Rafael 2335 Kazmaier, Daniel 2323 Reeve, Jeff 2310 Matras-Clement, Agnieszka 2305 Findlay, lan 2304 Laceste, Loren Brigham 2301 Haessel, Dale 2294 Gardner, Robert J. 2291 Shi, Diwen 2277 2271 Haynes, Nicolas 2270 MacKinnon, Keith Caldera, Anuar 2251 Miller, David 2239 Peter. Steven 2235 Grumic, Sasa 2227 2200 Booker, Brad 2198 Seguillion, Aaron 2194 Villavieja, Butch Rekhson, Vladislav 2190 2182 Malek, Omid Robichaud, Martin 2176 Kobalenko, Jerry 2173 Boehmer, Kris 2170 Efemuai, Martins Oteri 2165 Leuchanka, Siarhei 2158 Tam, Erik 2142 Nguyen, Kim 2130 Hughey, Micah 2118 Abdelrhman, Hamid 2087 Kostadinov, Georgi 2087 Yearwood, Roy 2077 Ebrahim-Shirazi, Behrooz 2066 **TOP 10 FIDE RATED ALBERTANS** As of December 1, 2016 GM Hansen, Eric 2603

2411 IM Porper, Edward Banerjee, Bitan 2355 IM Wang, Richard 2337 FM Diwen Shi 2293 FM Pechenkin, Vladimir 2290 Laceste, Loren Brigham 2286 Valencia, Belsar 2281 2268 Yam, Alex Arruebarrena, Rafael 2252



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Contact: Tim Pradzinski phone: (780) 518-2281

email: <u>database@telusplanet.net</u> website: <u>www.gpchessclub.com</u>

La Crete Chess Club

Wednesday: 7 pm to 9:30 pm

Contact: Chris White

phone or text: (780) 821-0044 (Cell)

email: cwnlca@gmail.com

Portage College (Lac La Biche)

Contact: Leslie Boake phone: (780) 623-5686

email: leslie.boake@portagecollege.ca

Airdrie Chess Club

Airdrie Public Library 111-304 Main Street SE Thursdays 6:30 pm to 8 pm Contact: Susanne Rempel

University of Lethbridge Chess Club

email: martin.heavyhead@uleth.ca

Fort McMurray Chess Club

Westwood Family YMCA,221 Tundra Drive Thursdays: 7 pm to 9:30 pm

phone: (780) 790-1008

email: fmchessclub@hotmail.com

web: www.fmchess.com

Medicine Hat Chess Club

Room 5, 826 - 11th Street S.E. Wednesdays 7 p.m. to 10:30 p.m.

Contact: Bill Taylor phone: (403) 526-5484

email: taylormw@shaw.ca web: www.mhchess.com

Sherwood Park

Strathcona County Library, 2nd Floor Wednesdays from 4 pm to closing

Contact: Les Jones phone: (780) 467-7393

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Dawe Centre Library, 56 Holt Street Mondays beginning at 4:30 pm Contact: Alexey Taranik phone: (403) 872-1062 email: taranik1978@yahoo.ca

Okotoks Chess Club

Okotoks Library, 7 Riverside Drive West Wednesdays 6:30 pm to 8:30 pm

Contact: Richard Bradley phone: (403) 938-2220

email: richard.bradley@shaw.ca

Lethbridge Junior Chess Club

Family Centre, Suite 225

200 - 4th Avenue South, Lethbridge Centre

Towards a Brighter Future Presentation Room.

Fridays 2:30 pm to 4:00 pm Contact: Peter Davis-Imhof phone: (403) 320-4232

website: http://www.famcentre.ca/ email: peter.davisimhof@gmail.com

Calgary Chess Club

#274 3359 27th Street NE
Parma Tech Centre, North Building
Tuesday nights from 6:30 pm to 11 pm
Thursday nights from 6:30 pm to 11 pm
Saturday from 10 am to 1 pm

phone: (403) 264-9498

website: www.calgarvchess.com